

Offshore Wind Modeling Opportunities and Challenges: Microscale Modeling

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Atmospheric Challenges for the Wind-Energy Industry 20 October 2020

Initial Questions

- What do we mean by microscale modeling?
 - LES comes to mind first, but it also can be...
 - RANS, linearized flow models + engineering wake models
- What is microscale modeling used for?
 - Very localized wind resource assessment, but don't forget...
 - Wake physics discovery to inform engineering models
 - Advanced control/operational systems virtual laboratory
 - Understanding mechanical loads

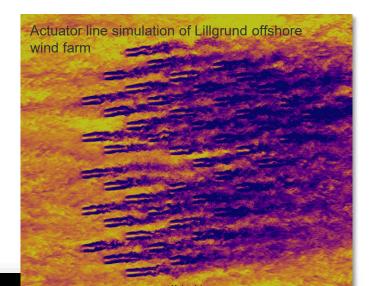
Initial Questions

What is different about offshore microscale modeling?

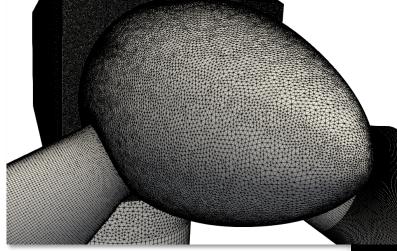
- Coupling with waves
 - Waves modify the flow in the turbine layer
 - Wind modifies the waves
 - How do waves affect wakes?
- Different atmospheric phenomena than used to on land
 - Land-sea breeze
 - Coastal low-level jet
 - Hurricanes
- Moisture and its effect on heat transfer

What A Hi-Fi Wind-Energy Microscale Model Looks Like at NREL

- Use of microscale modeling extends beyond resource assessment:
 - Need for microscale solver that blends atmospheric+engineering world
 - Need a range of capability from actuator disks to blade resolved, from flat surface with proper stress model to two-phase flow



U (m/s) 5.0 5.5 6.0 6.5 7.0 7.5 8.0 8.5 9.0 9.5 10.0

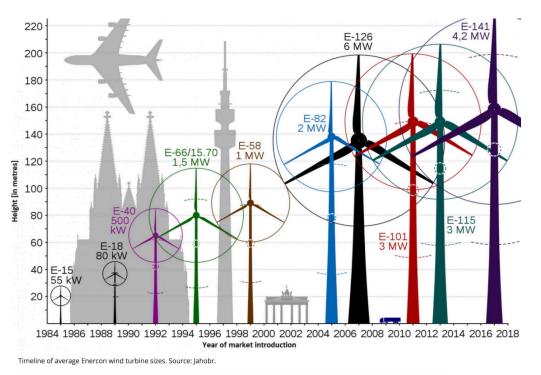


Turbine-geometry resolving computational mesh

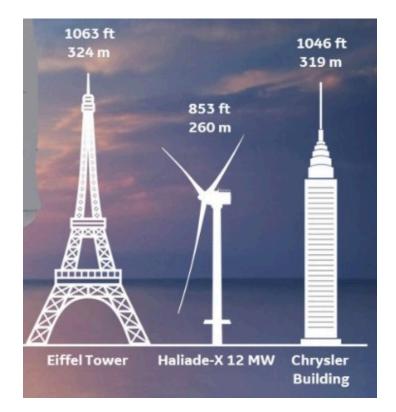
Actuator line wind turbine in nocturnal, stable boundary layer Isosurfaces of vorticity magnitude colored by velocity

Offshore Wind Turbines are BIG!

• Turbine sizes are growing (especially offshore turbines)



History of Enercon onshore wind turbine size



General Electric's planned Haliade-X offshore wind turbine:

- 220 m rotor diameter
- 12 MW rated power

Offshore Wind Turbines Are Complex!

Offshore wind



The GE-Alstom Block Island Wind Farm off the coast of Rhode Island CREDIT: ERIC THAYER/BLOOMBERG

The first U.S. offshore wind plant off of Block Island, RI

The last of five 6 MW floating turbines being towed to Scotland for the first floating offshore wind plant



The last Hywind turbine sailing away from Stord in Norway for the coast off Abderdeenshire. Photograph: PA

Flow From Turbine Point of View



Conclusions

- Not advocating for industry adopting hi-fi microscale models for wind-turbine/farm design
 - Caveat 1: remember that faster-than-real time LES is now reality
 - Caveat 2: remember that a high-end GPU is like a small supercomputer
- Use hi-fi as a discovery tool to improve lightweight tools
 - Difficulty: Lightweight tool needs are vast; prioritize
- My personal top picks for use of hi-fi microscale offshore
 - Understanding adequacy of design standard turbulence models and improving them if required
 - Improving surface stress/flux modeling for waves
 - Next-generation wake models
 - More physics, but fast enough for controls
 - Both individual wakes and farm wake
 - Understanding new issues
 - Wind farm blockage
 - Planning field campaigns

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