

# Added value and land-atmosphere coupling in convection-permitting WRF climate simulations over a Middle European domain

September 7, 2016 | Klaus Goergen<sup>1,2</sup>, Sebastian Knist<sup>2,3,4</sup>, Stefan Kollet<sup>1,2</sup>,  
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<sup>4</sup> SimLab TerrSys, Jülich Supercomputing Centre, Research Centre Jülich, Jülich Germany

# **WRF convection-permitting runs – added value**

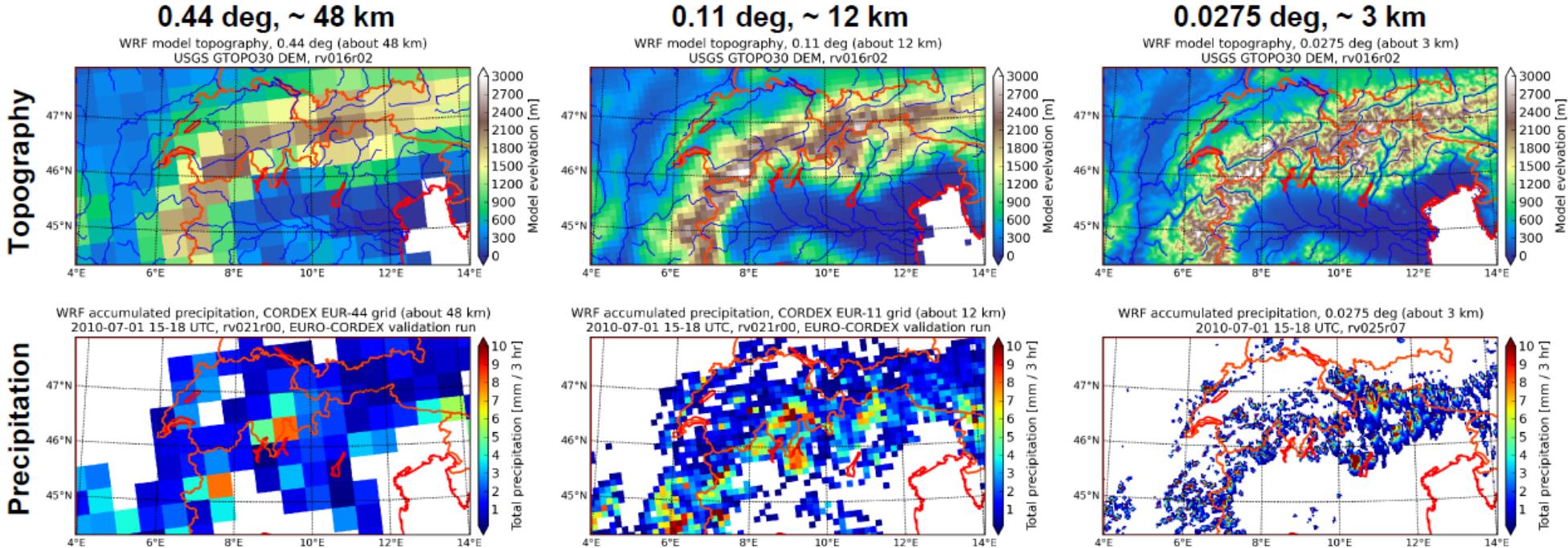
Evaluation of precipitation

## **Land-atmosphere coupling**

Coupling strength comparison

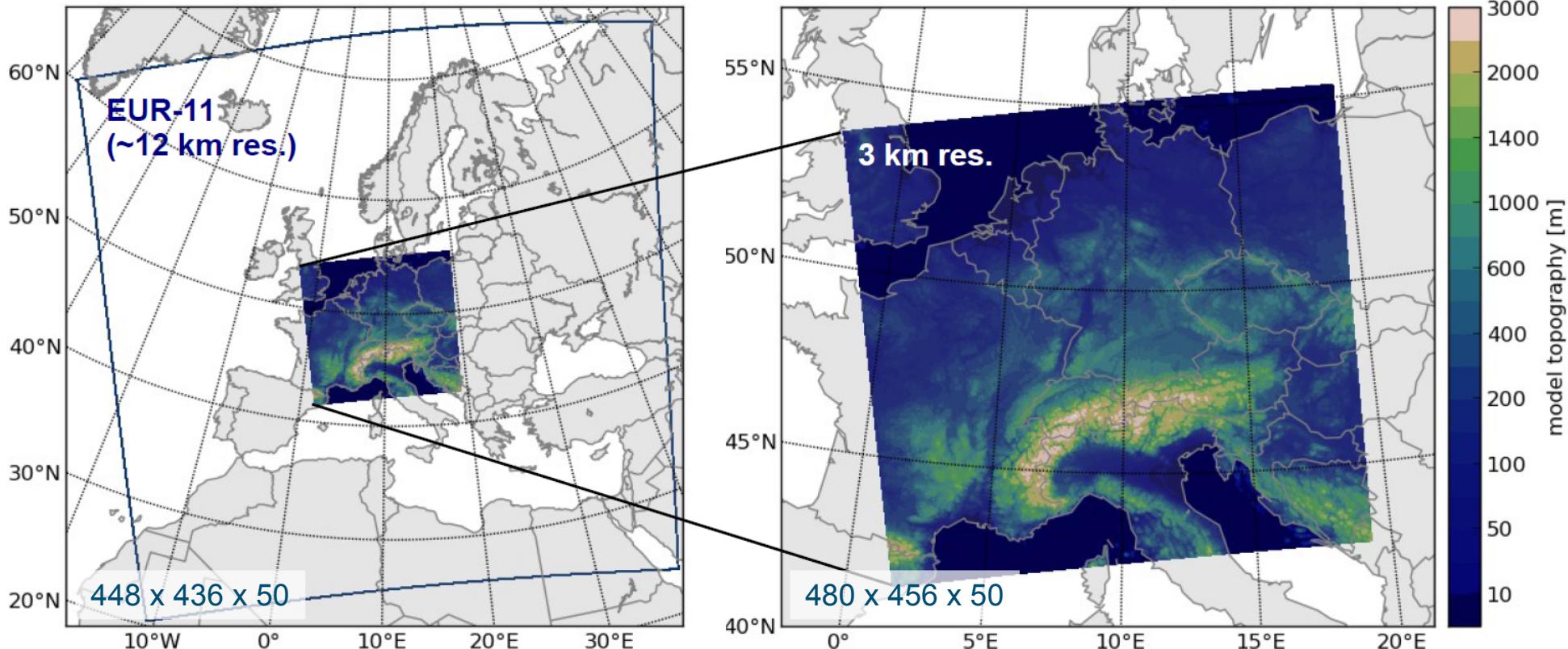
# Motivation

## Benefits of high-resolution RCM simulations



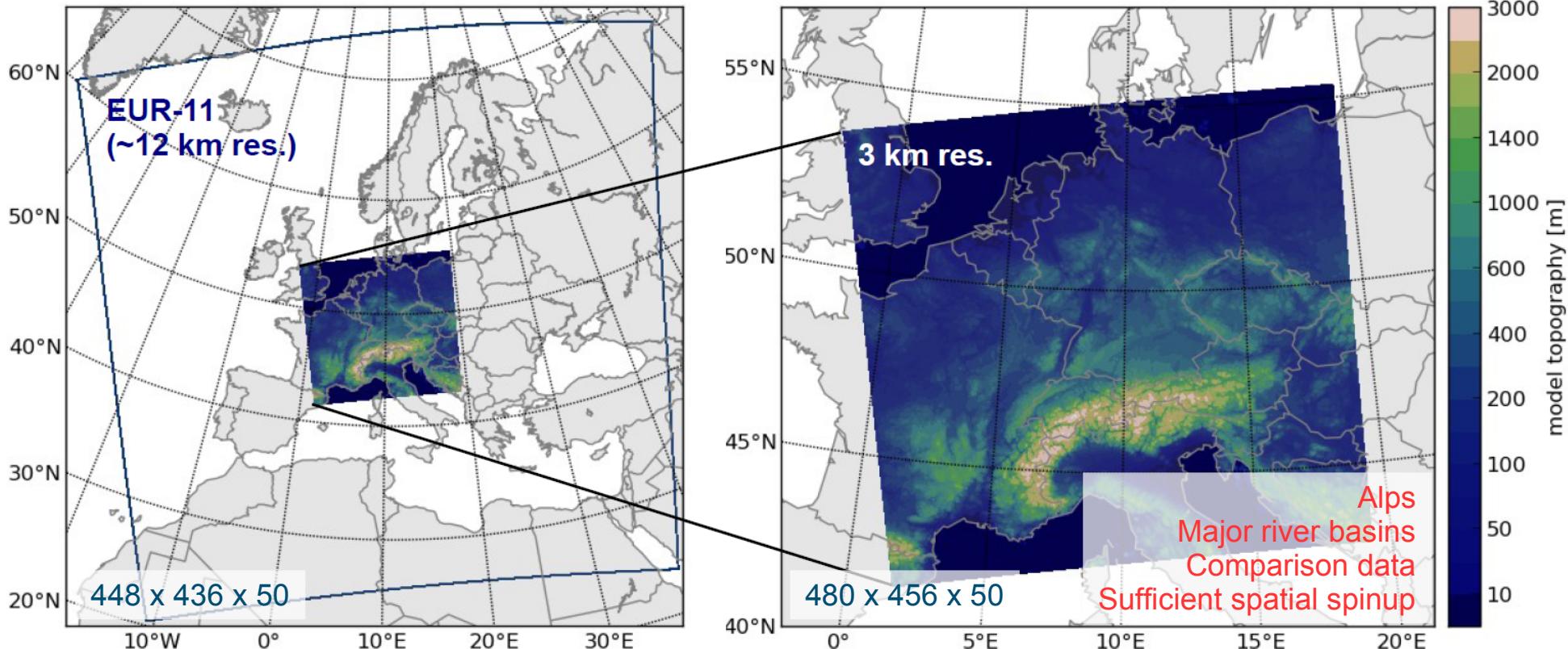
- Better capture of small scale surface heterogeneities, orography, etc.
- More realistic representation of dynamical processes, e.g. local wind systems
- Error-prone convection parameterisation (esp. deep convection) switched off
- Better reproduction of intensities, timing, spatial distribution of precipitation (e.g., Ban et al., 2014; Kendon et al., 2014; Prein et al., 2014), etc.

# WRF high resolution runs at JSC/MIUB Continuation of EURO-CORDEX simulations



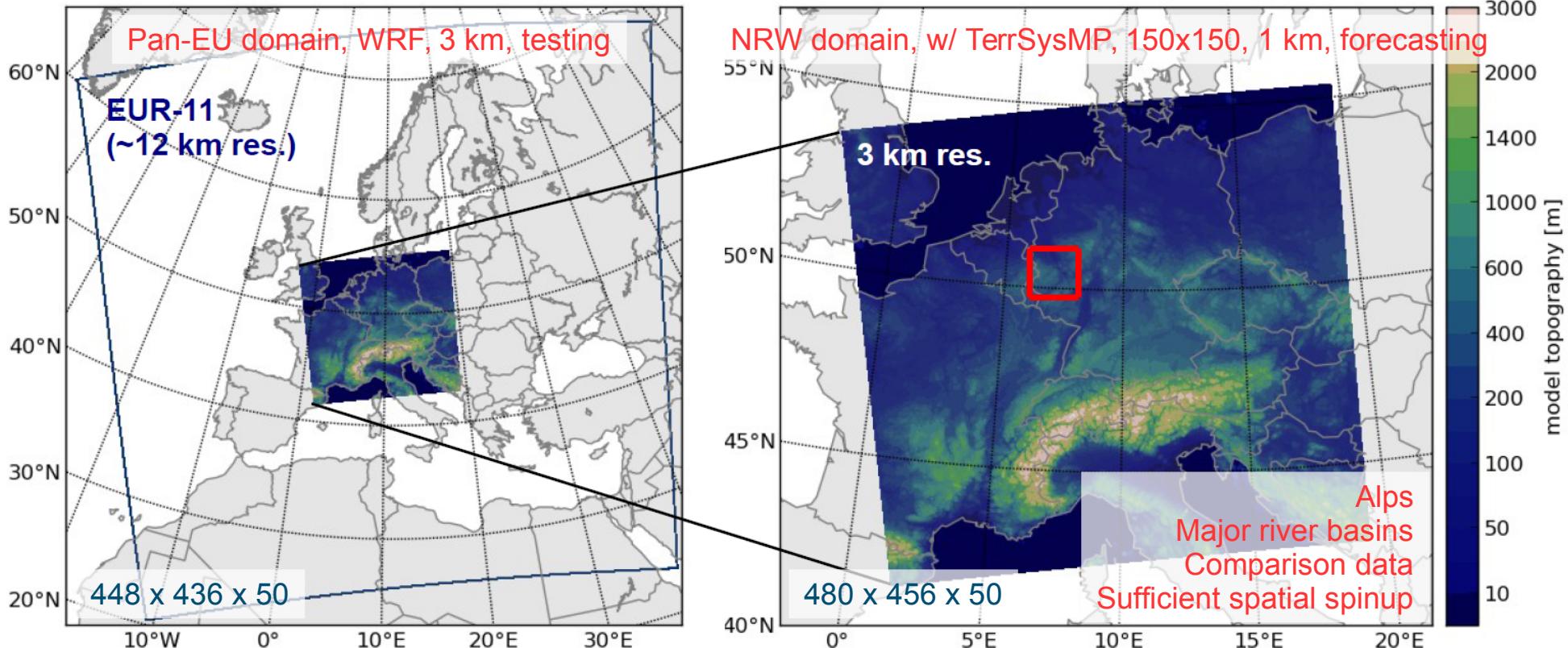
- One-way **double-nesting** setup: **3 km** model domain inscribed in **12 km** CORDEX EUR-11 model grid, **ERA-Interim driven**, fair comparisons between resolutions
- Identical, climate-mode settings, switched-off deep convection scheme in 3 km runs
- **Time slices:** **1993-1995, 2002-2003, 2010-2013, hourly – used for this study**
- Done also MPI-ESM-LR RCP4.5 downscaling (1995-2005, 2040-2050, 2090-2100)

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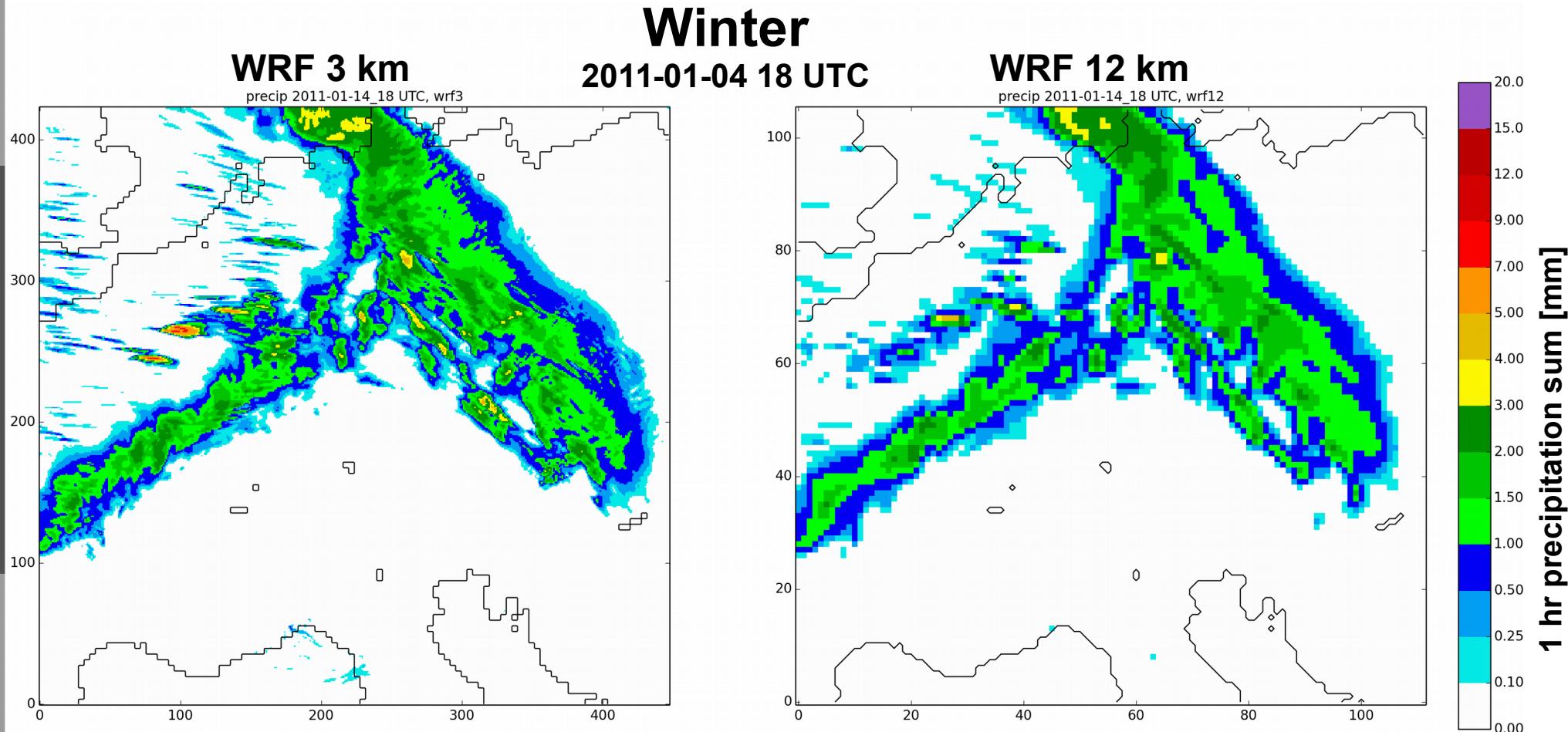
Evaluation of precipitation

Land-atmosphere coupling

Coupling strength comparison

# Example of typical precipitation event

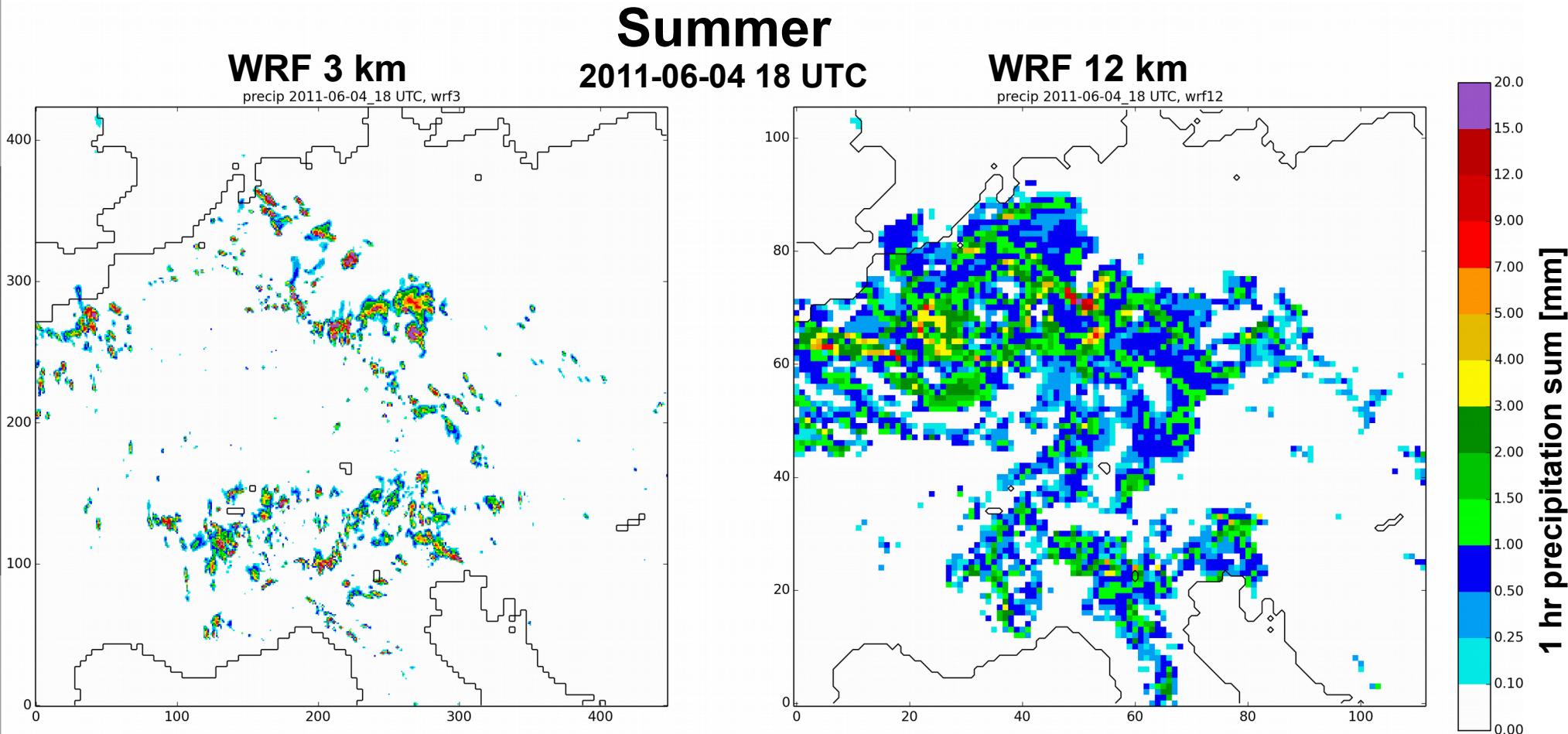
## Impact of resolution on precipitation, 3 km vs. 12 km



- Here: Typical frontal system with stratiform precipitation
- Smaller differences for grid scale precipitation
- Some local differences but spatial distribution, intensity, amounts fairly similar

# Example of typical precipitation event

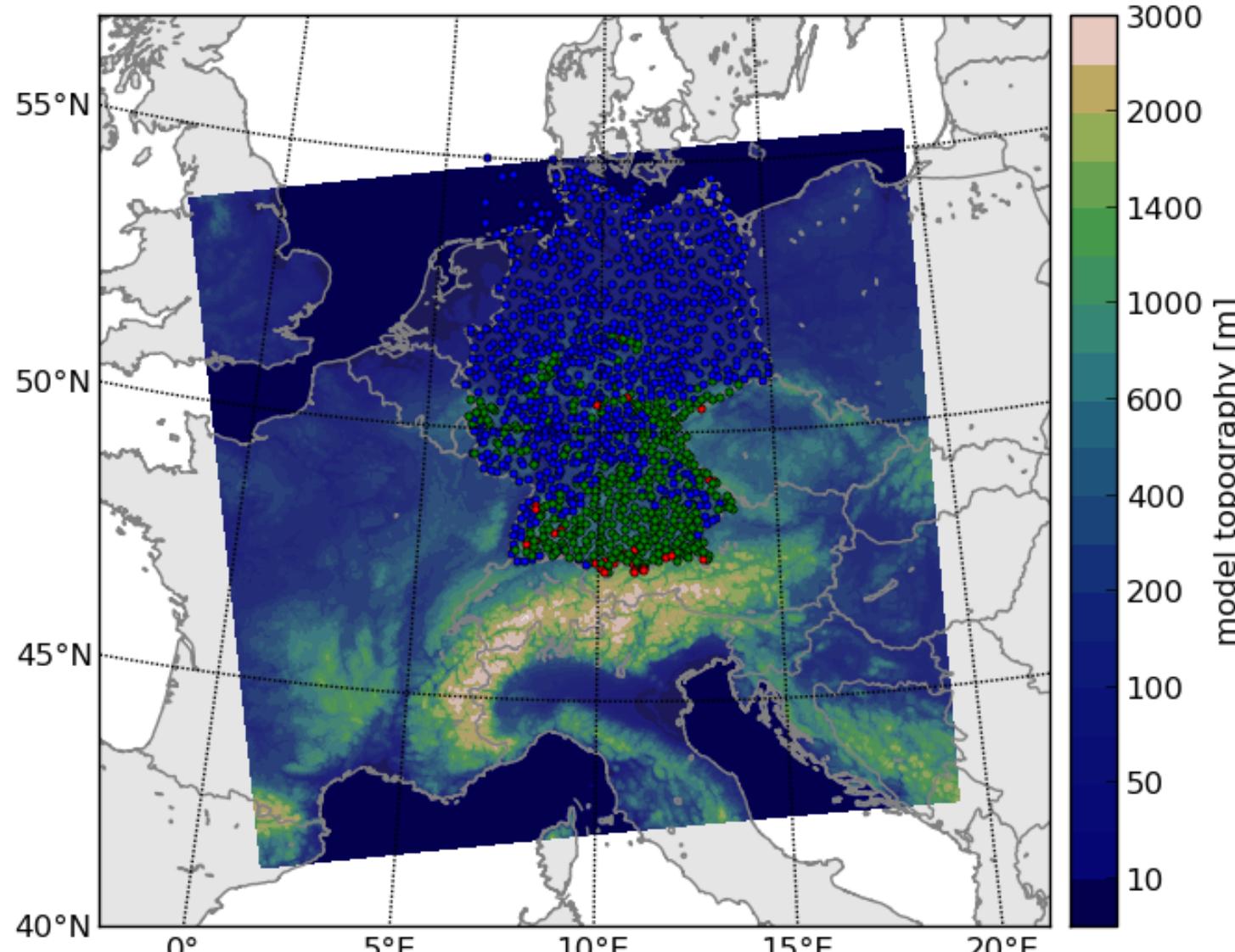
## Impact of resolution on precipitation, 3 km vs. 12 km



- Here: Convective events during summer
- Larger differences in spatial pattern, local intensity and daily temporal evolution
- More precipitation in 12 km, smaller intensities

# Evaluation of 3 km added value for precipitation

## Sub-daily precipitation statistics

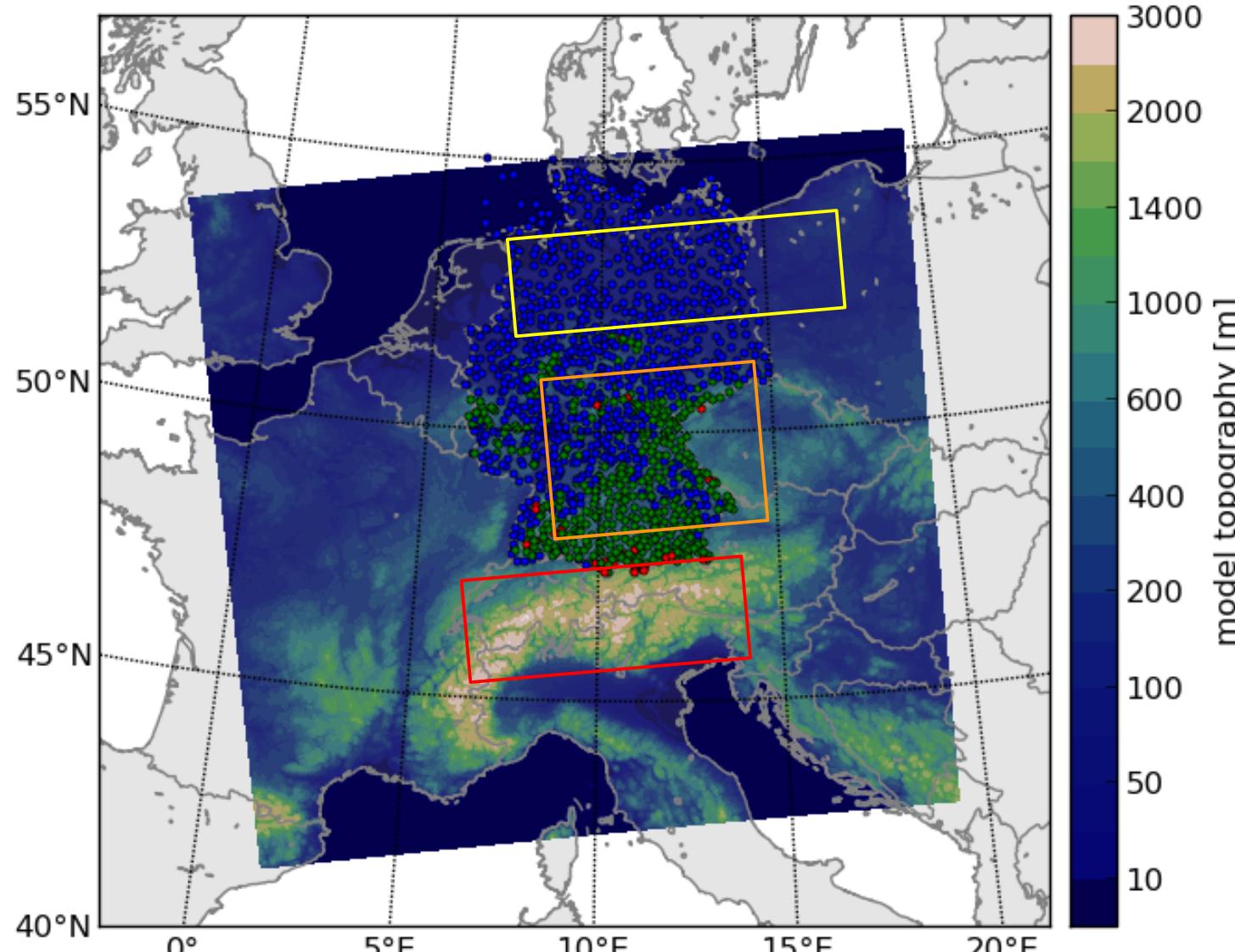


**1096 German Weather Service (DWD) synop stations, hourly**

blue ≤ 400 m a.s.l  
green > 400 m a.s.l  
red > 900 m a.s.l

Other comparison datasets, e.g.  
HErZ re-analysis  
≈6 km, ≈2.2 km  
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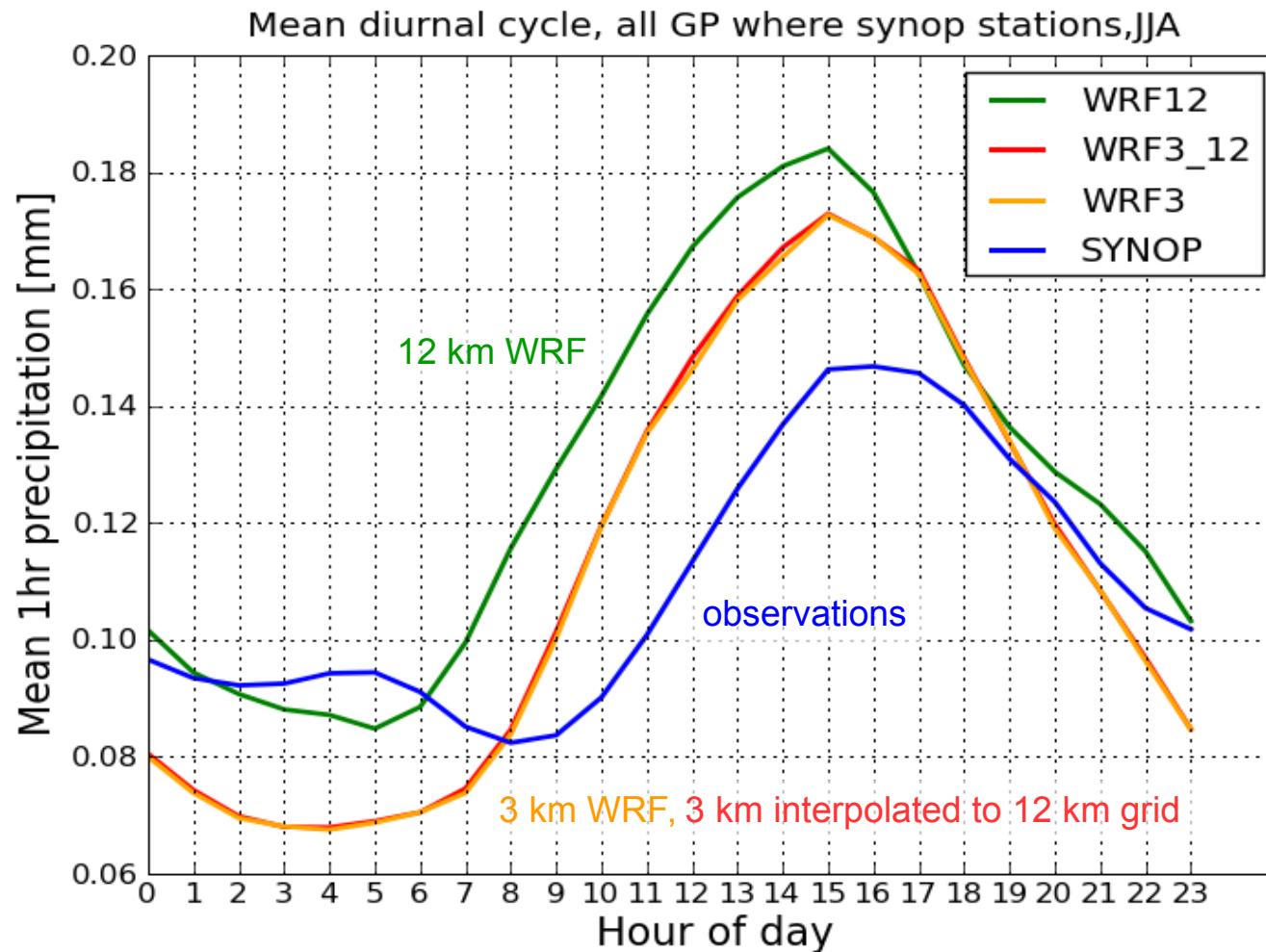
blue  $\leq$  400 m a.s.l  
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Boxes: analysis regions for **Lowlands**, **Uplands** and **Alps**

Other comparison datasets, e.g.  
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 $\approx$ 6 km,  $\approx$ 2.2 km  
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# Precipitation diurnal cycle during Summer

## Comparison to DWD station data



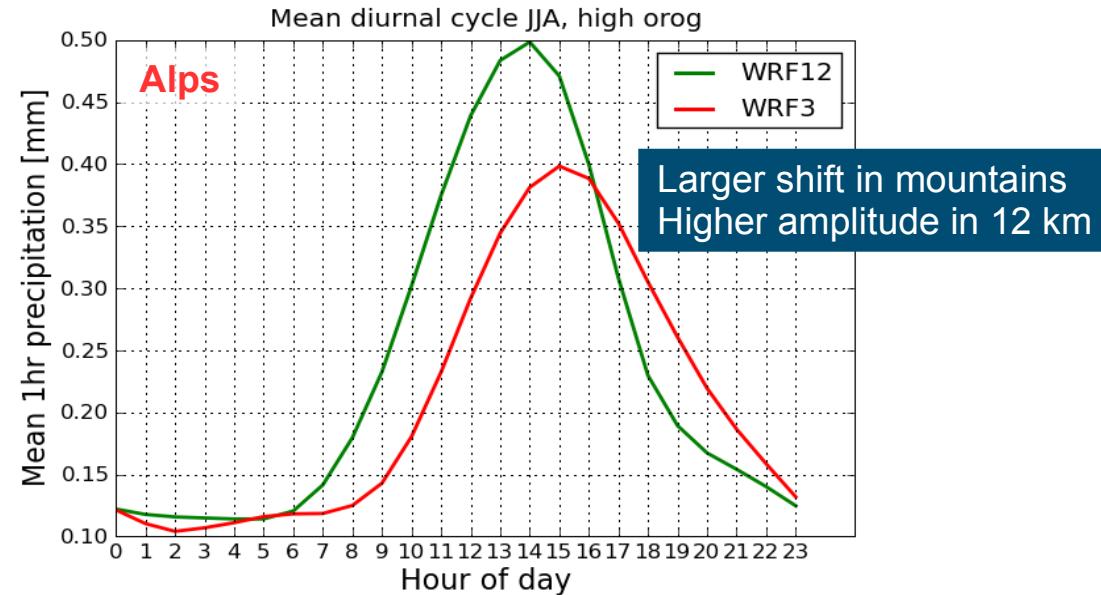
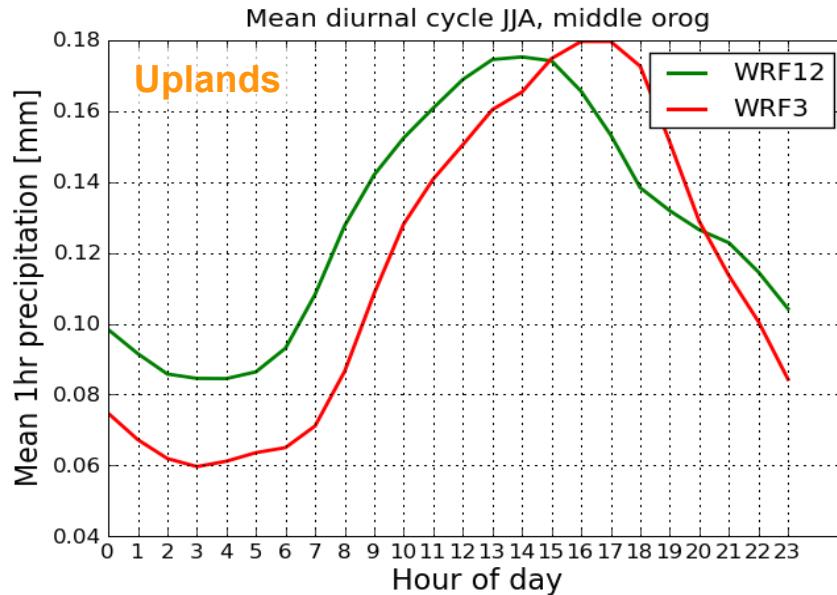
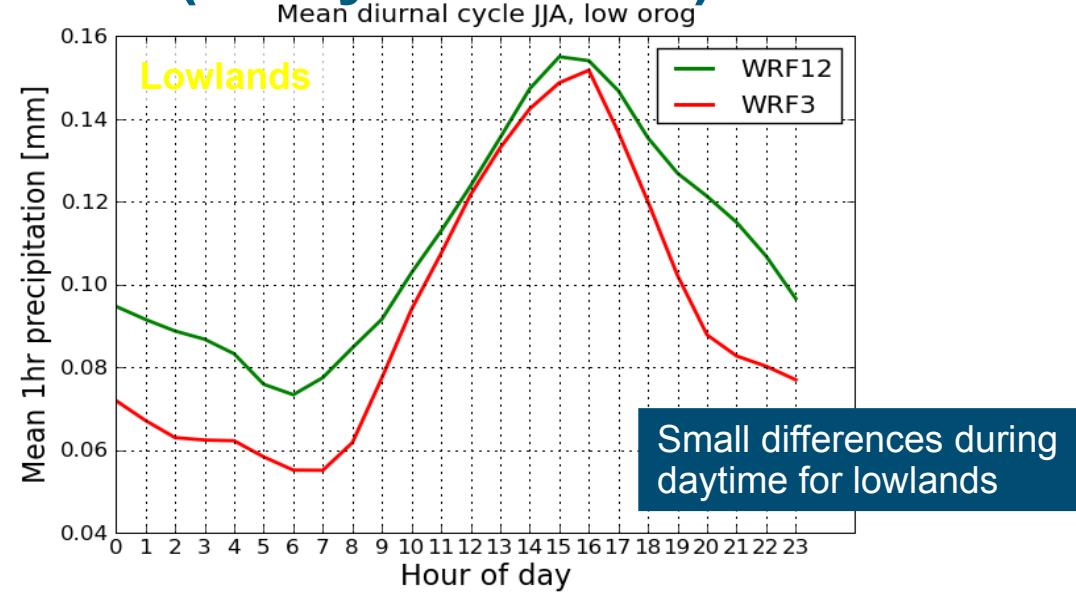
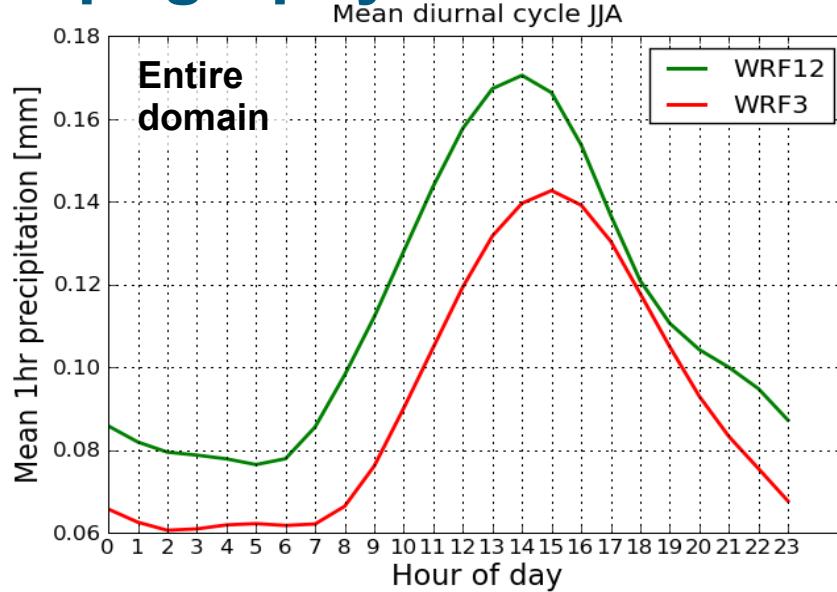
**Mean diurnal cycle averaged over all stations**  
 (nearest neighbour gridpoint)

JJA, 9 years

Including dry days

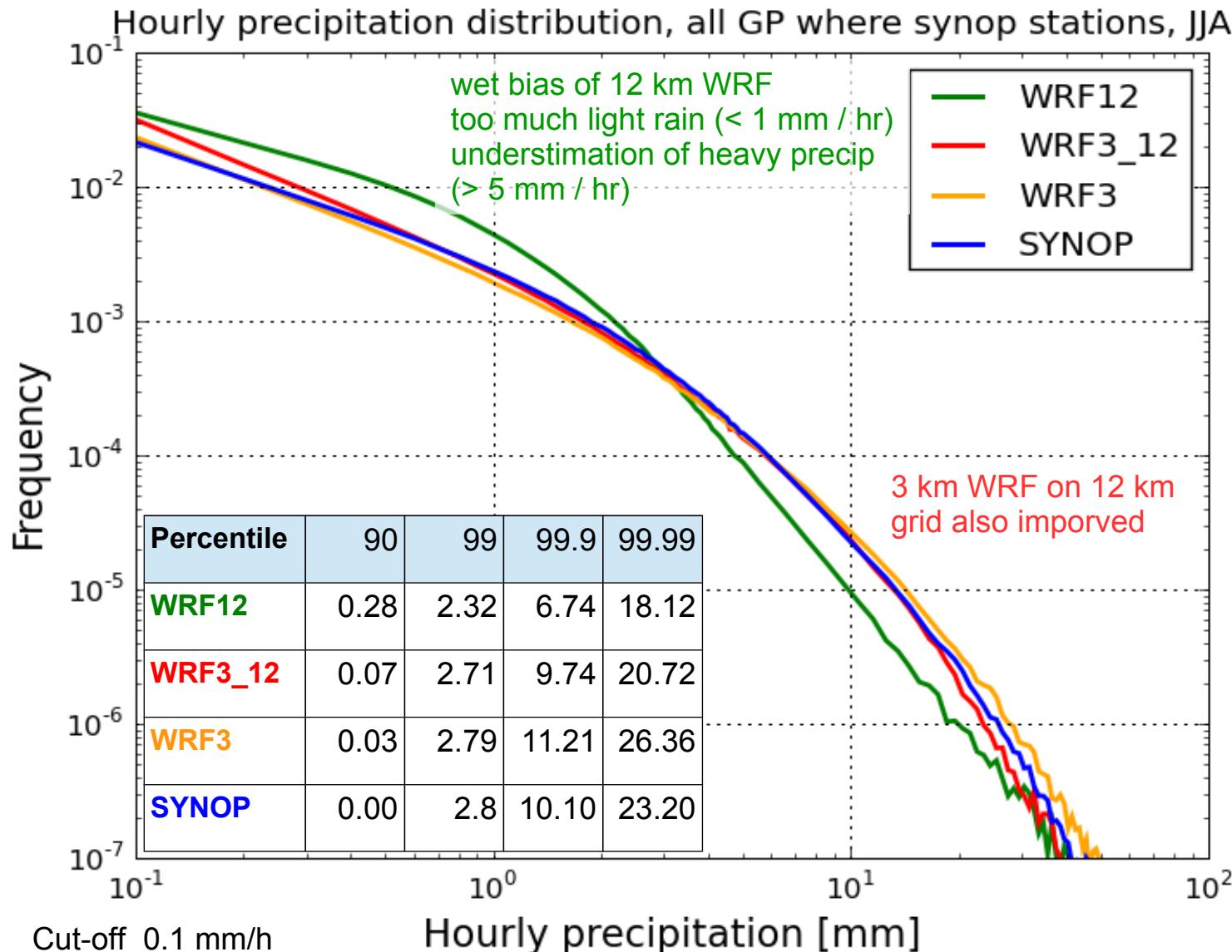
- Wet bias in all simulations during daytime, larger in 12 km
- Improved timing and shifted diurnal cycle of precipitation in 3 km resolution

# Precipitation diurnal cycle during Summer Topography-related differences (analysis boxes)



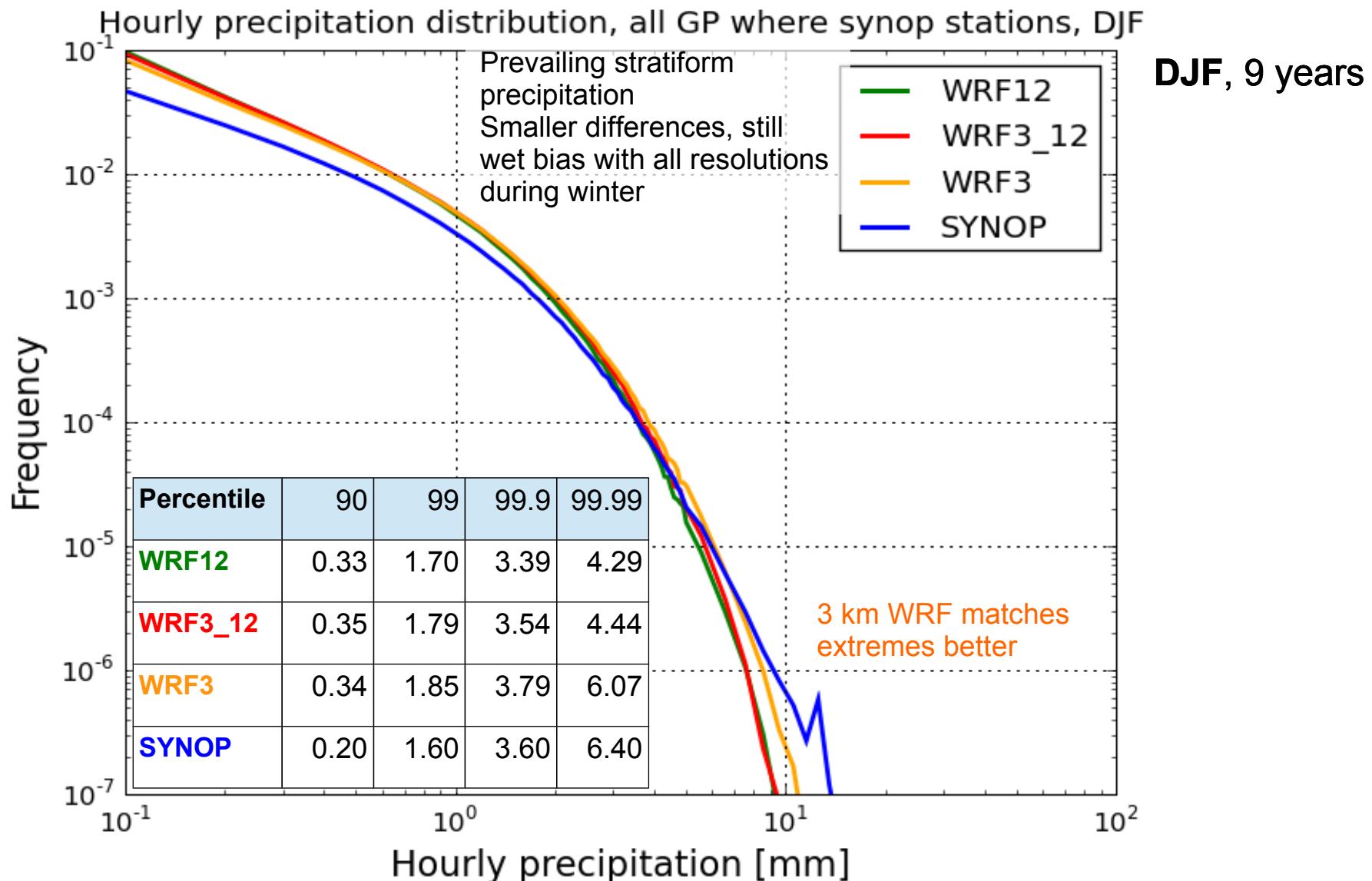
# Hourly precipitation distribution and extremes

## Comparison to DWD station data, Summer



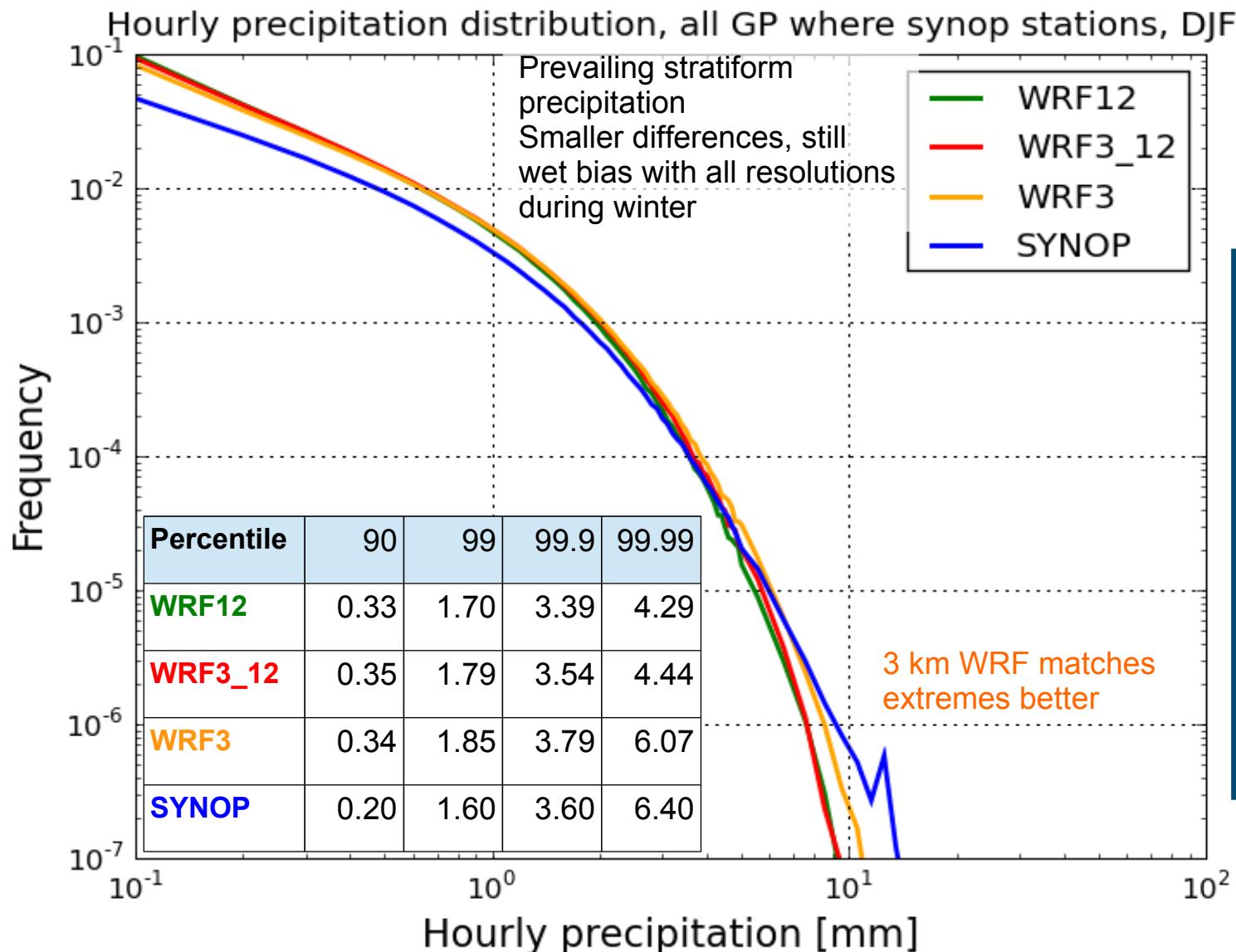
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## Comparison to DWD station data, Winter



# Hourly precipitation distribution and extremes

## Comparison to DWD station data, Winter



Wet bias remains, less in 3 km during Summer

3 km WRF (also interpolated to 12 km) is closer to observation pdf during Summer and Winter

## WRF convection-permitting runs – added value

Evaluation of precipitation

## Land-atmosphere coupling

Coupling strength comparison

# Land-atmosphere coupling analysis

## Connection of (sub-)surface to the atmosphere

Terrestrial segment of feedback loop:

Sensitivity of surface fluxes to soil moisture states

Focus here: soil moisture-temperature coupling (e.g., relevant for heat waves)

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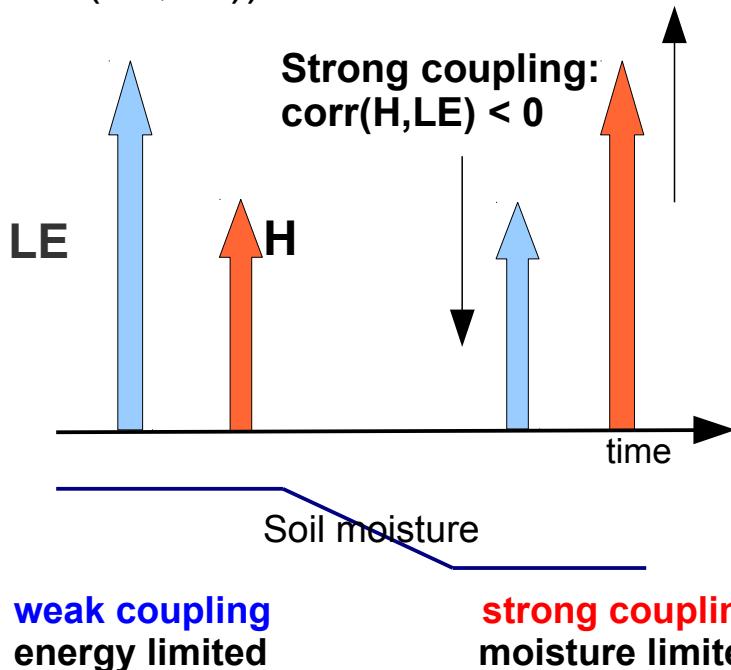
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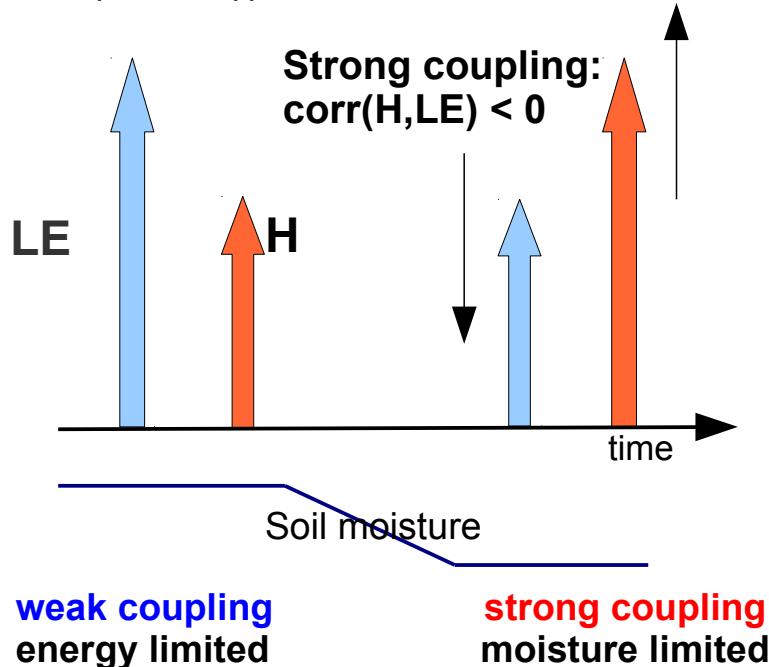
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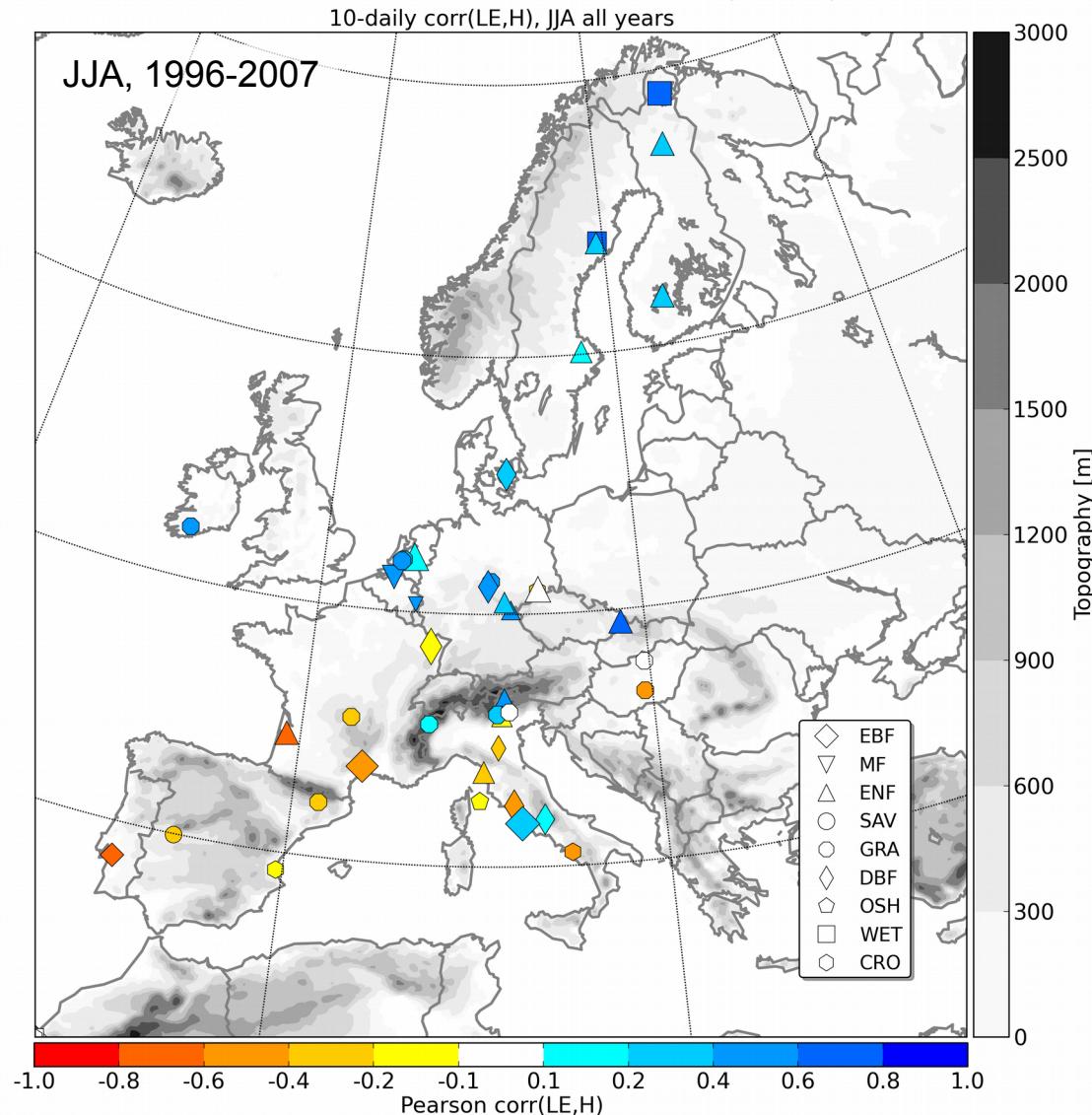
Terrestrial segment of feedback loop:  
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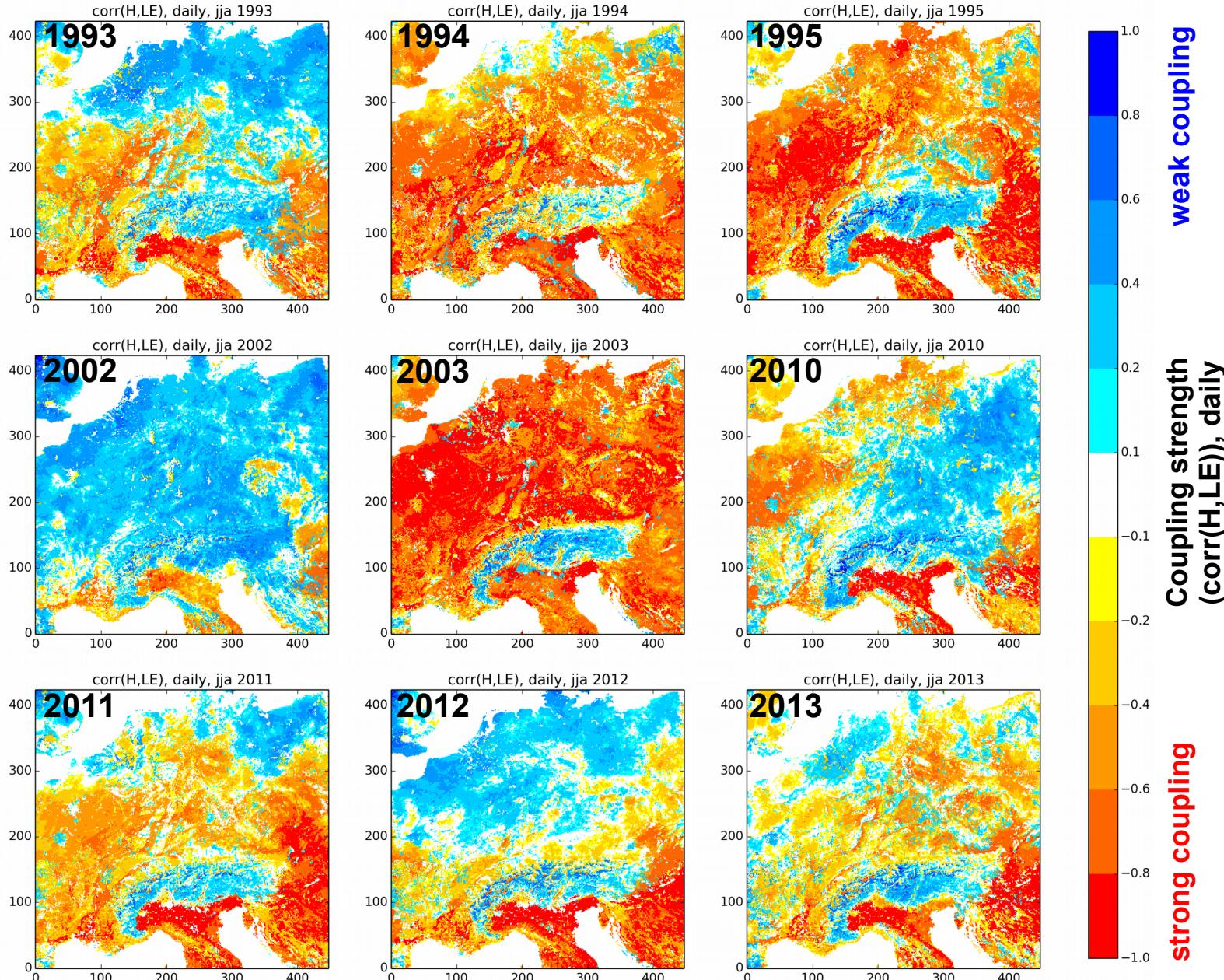


**Corr. of latent and sensible heat flux, JJA, FLUXNET**

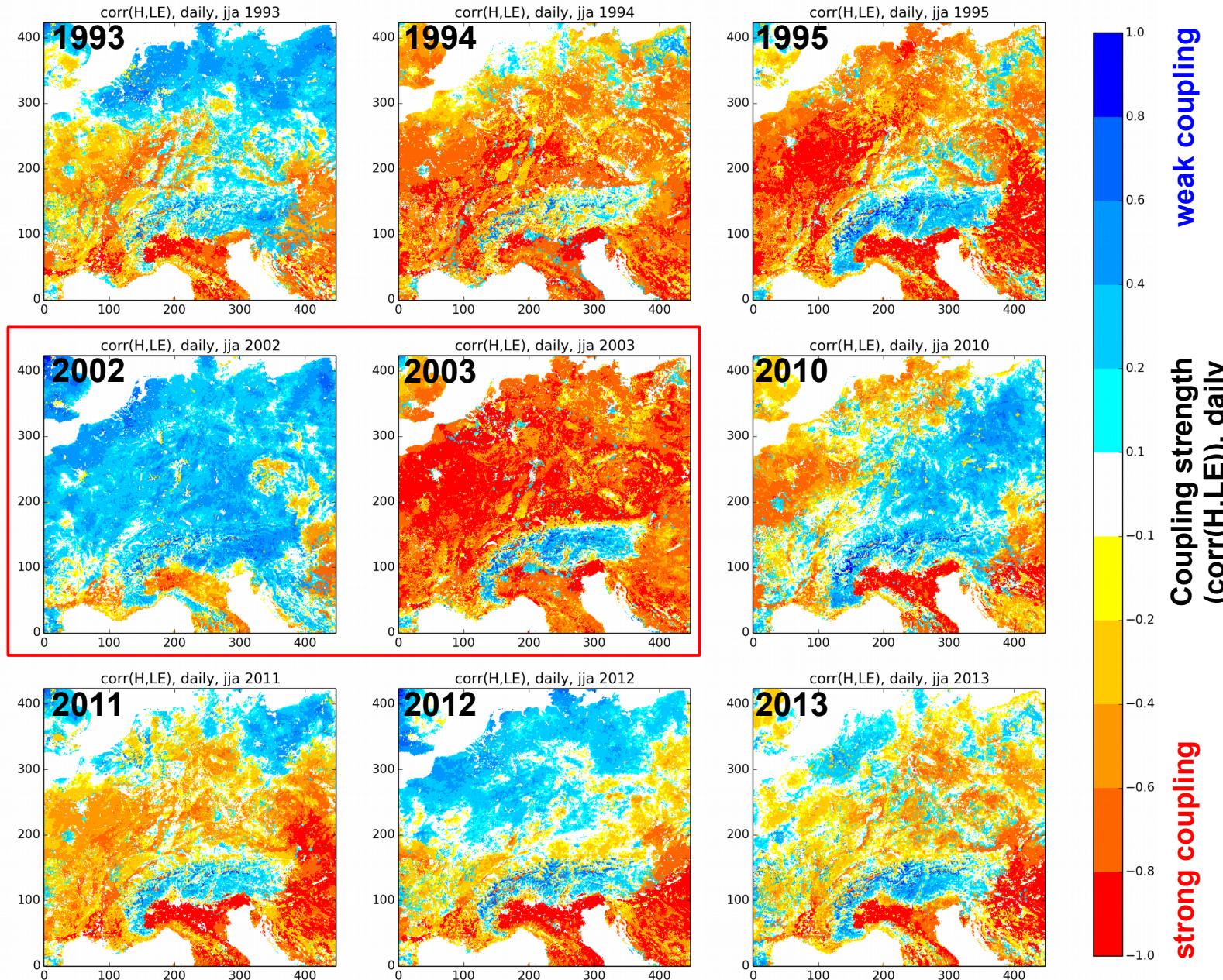


# Coupling strength corr(H,LE), 3 km WRF, JJA

## Contrasting individual years



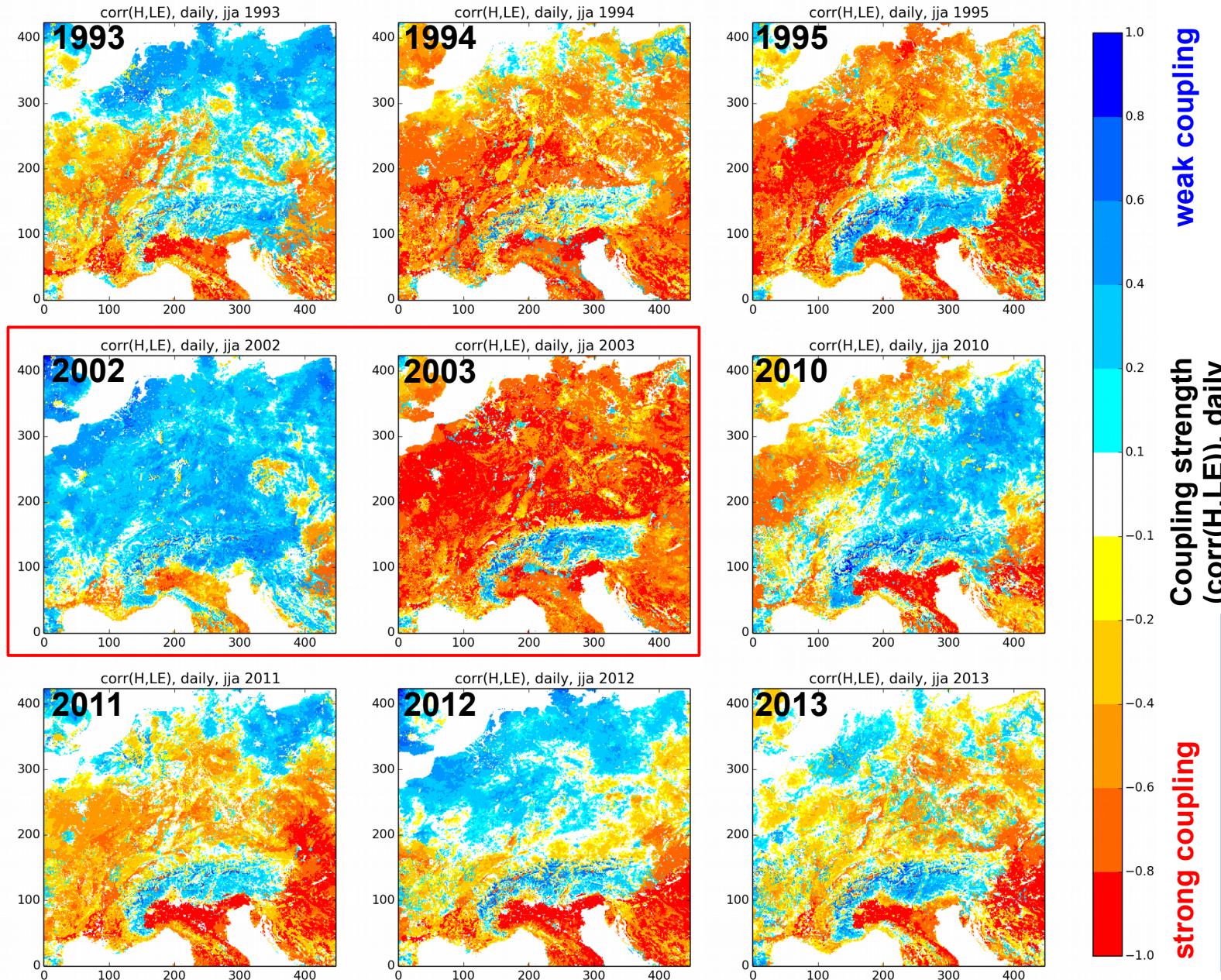
# Coupling strength corr(H,LE), 3 km WRF, JJA Contrasting individual years



Contrasting years:  
2002, wet, cloudy  
(weak coupling)  
vs.  
2003, dry, hot  
(strong coupling)  
with heat wave  
in August

Cooler, more moist  
mountain areas  
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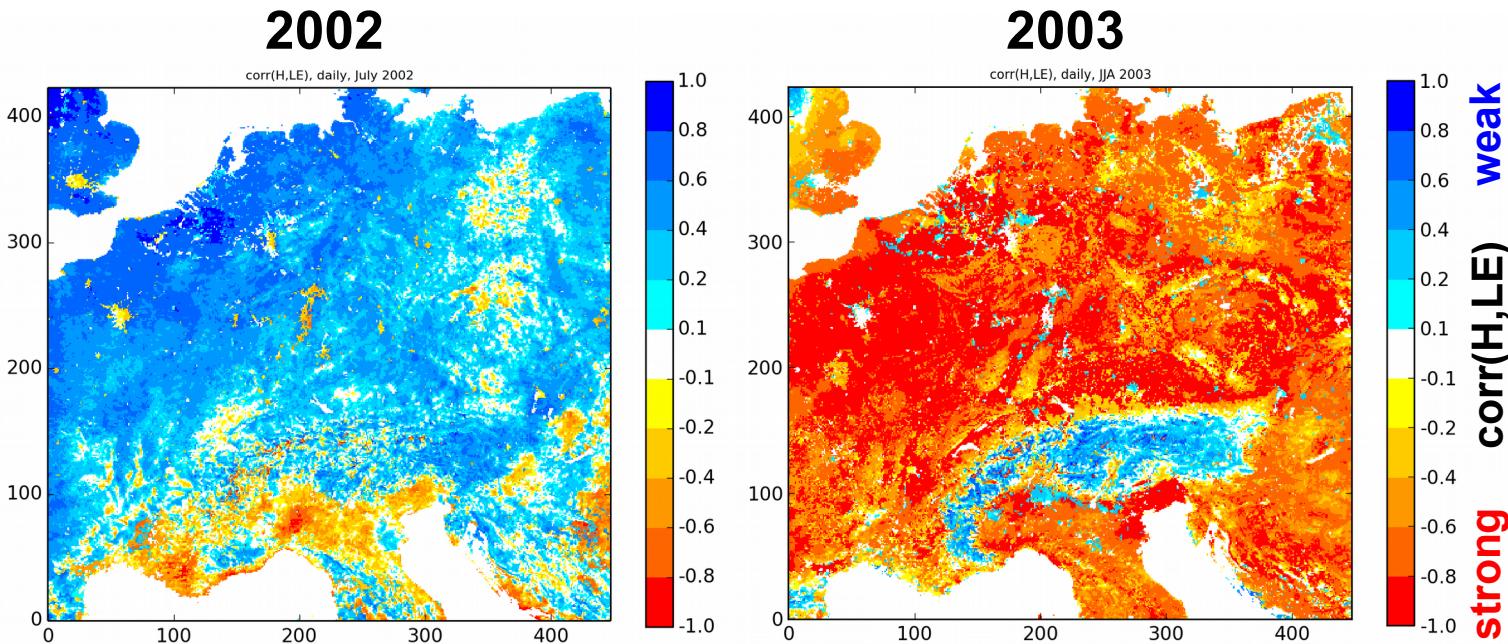


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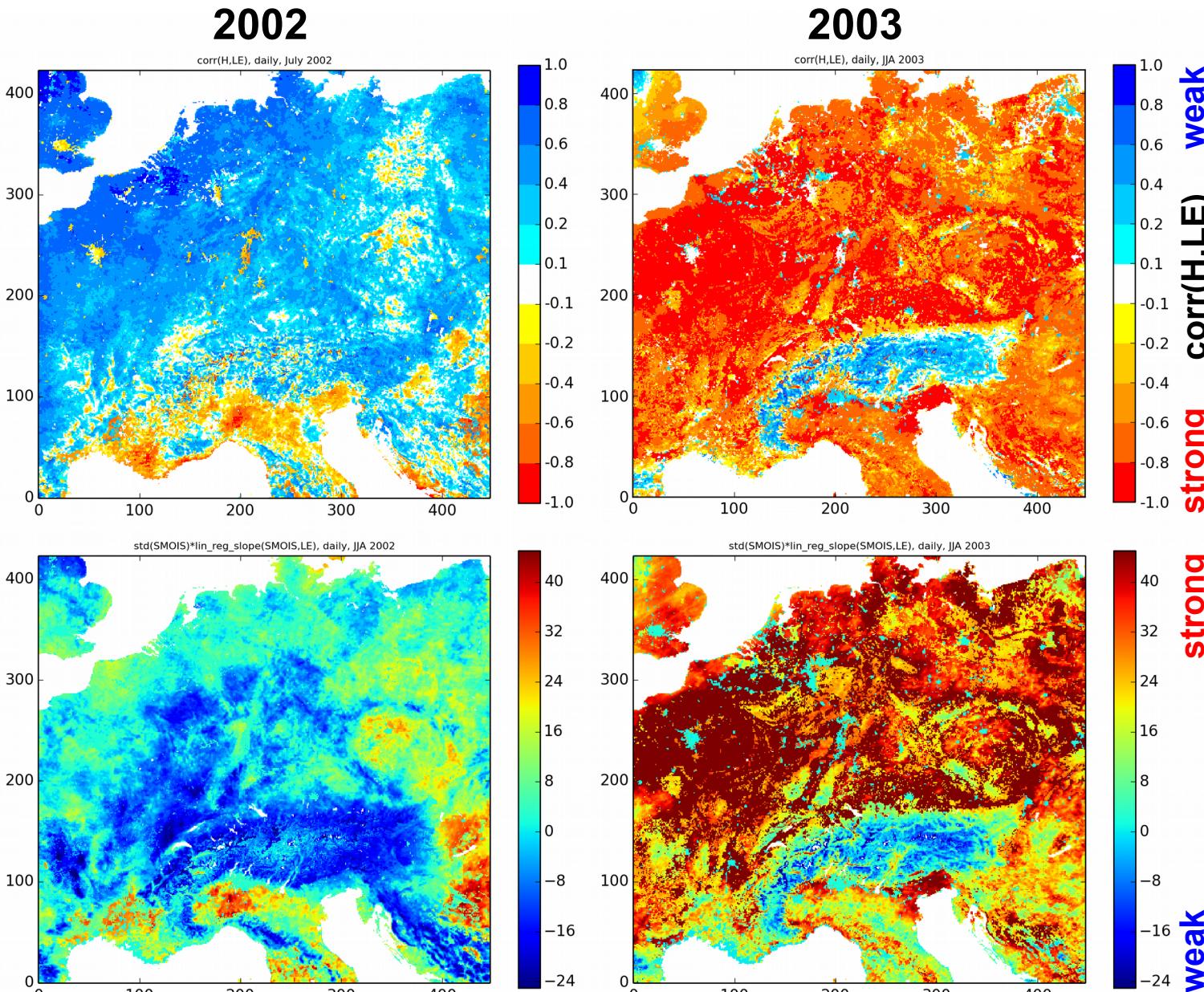
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Large inter-  
annual varia-  
bility consistent  
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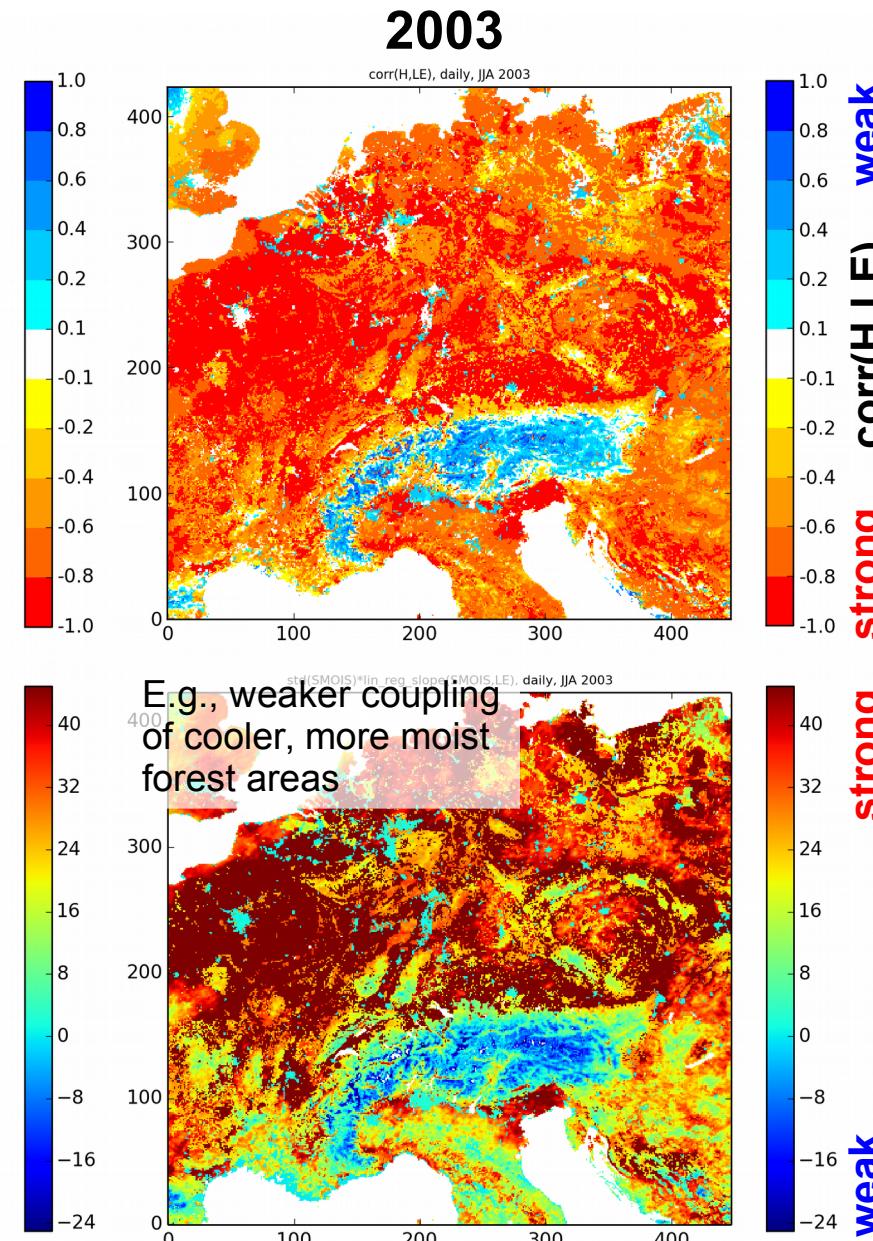
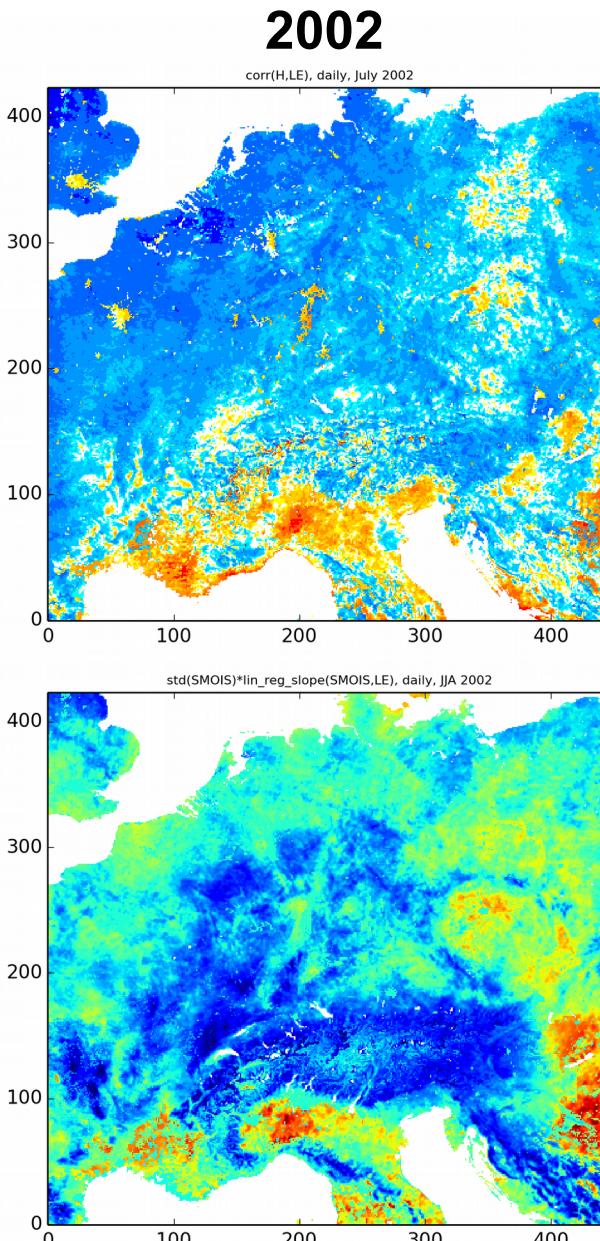
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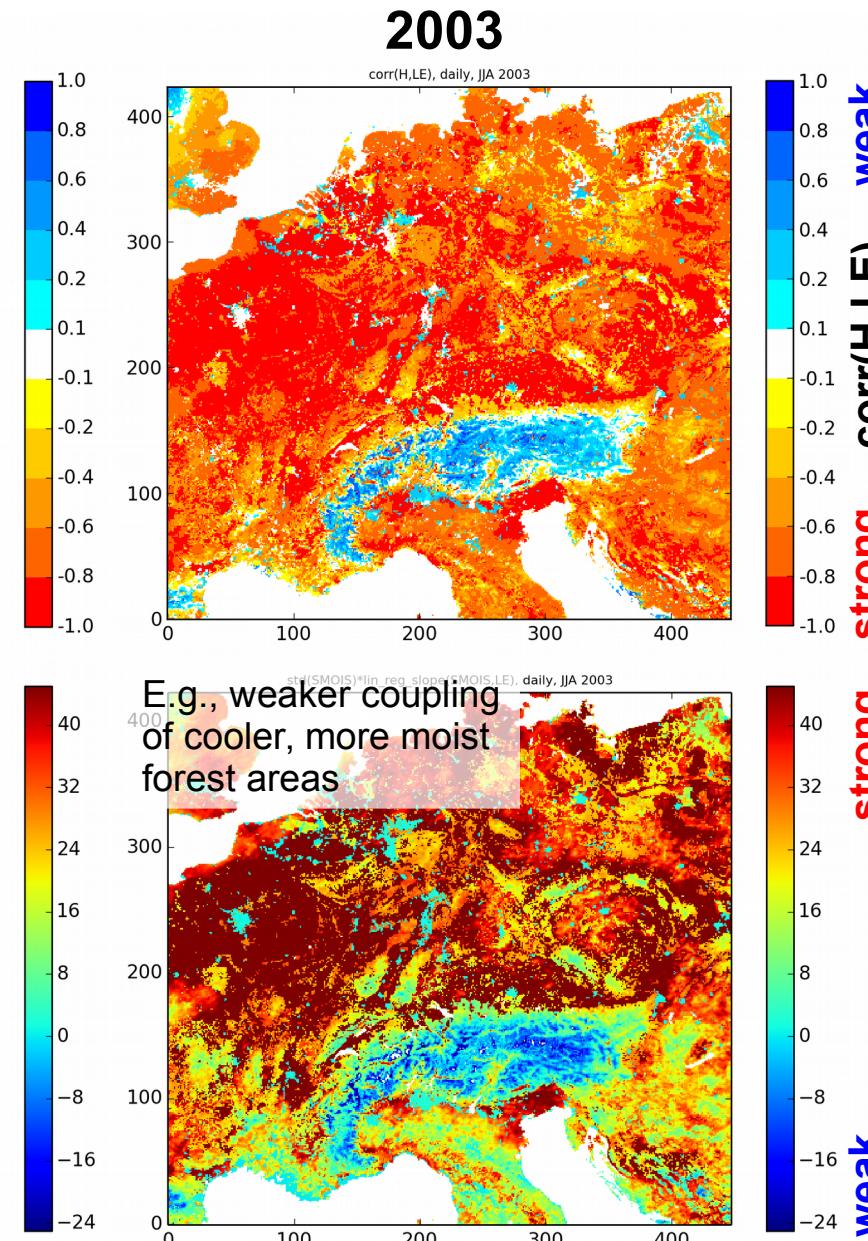
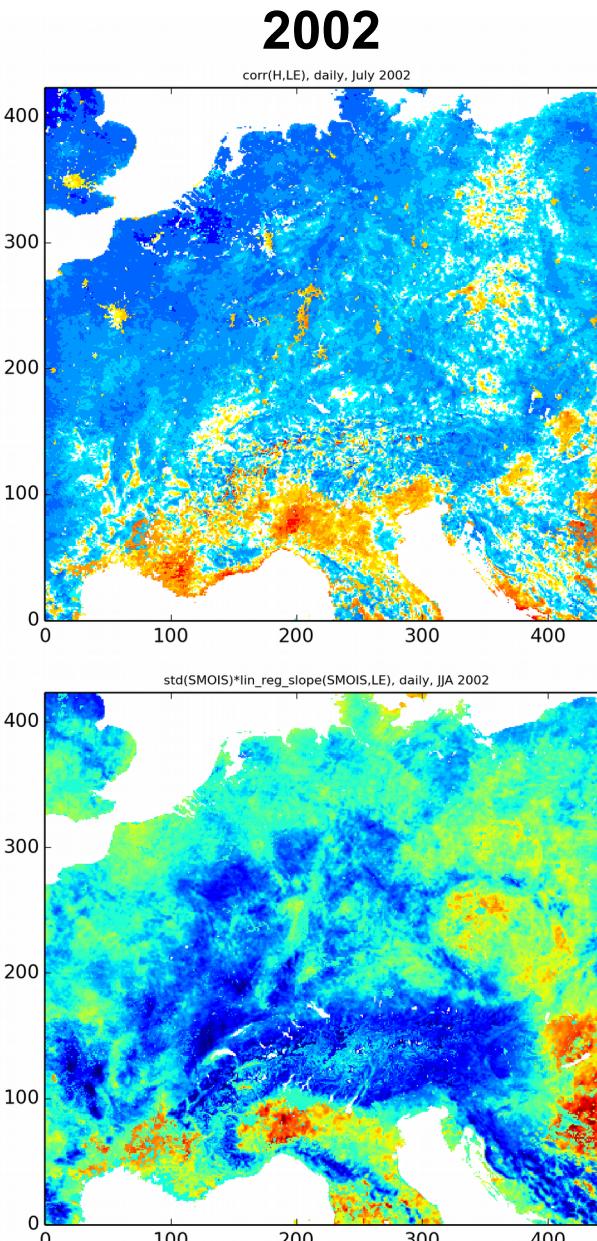
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( $I_C = \beta_{LE,sm} \sigma_{sm}$ )  
Dirmeyer (2011)

sdv soil moisture \*  
linear regression  
soil moisture and LE

Surface  
characteristics  
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**strong** **weak**  
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# Coupling strength, 3 km WRF, JJA, 2002 vs. 2003



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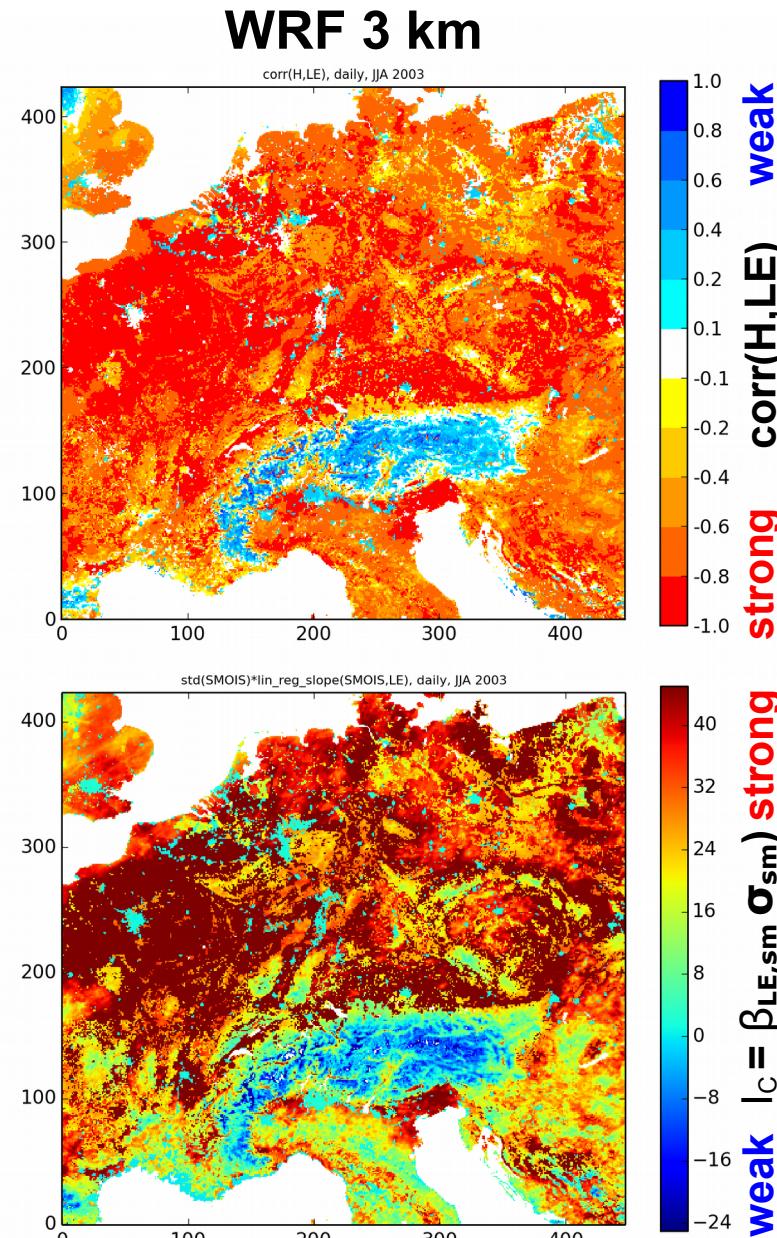
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Consistent with  
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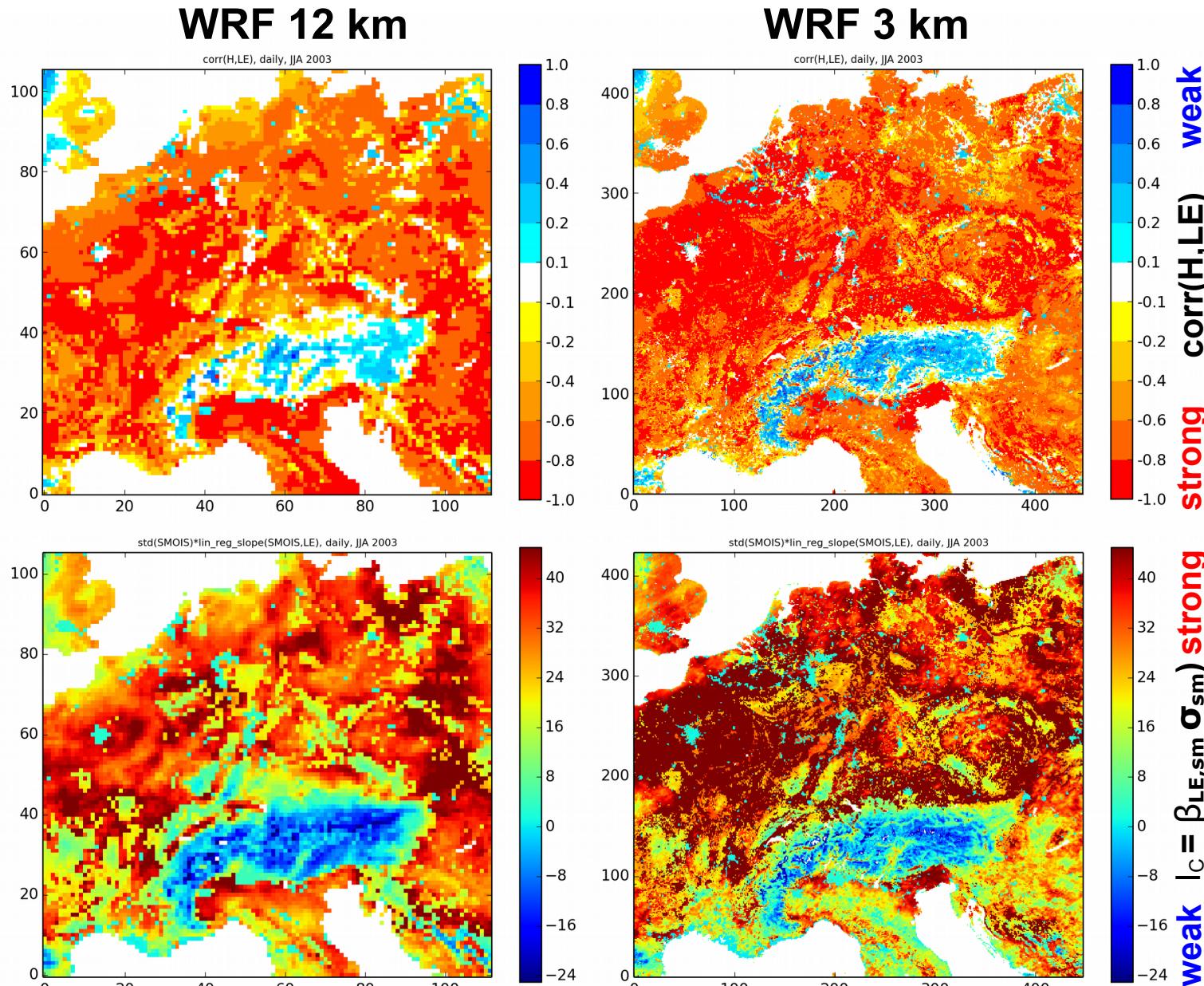
Large contrast  
for different  
landuse types

# Coupling strength, JJA, 2003, 12 km vs. 3 km

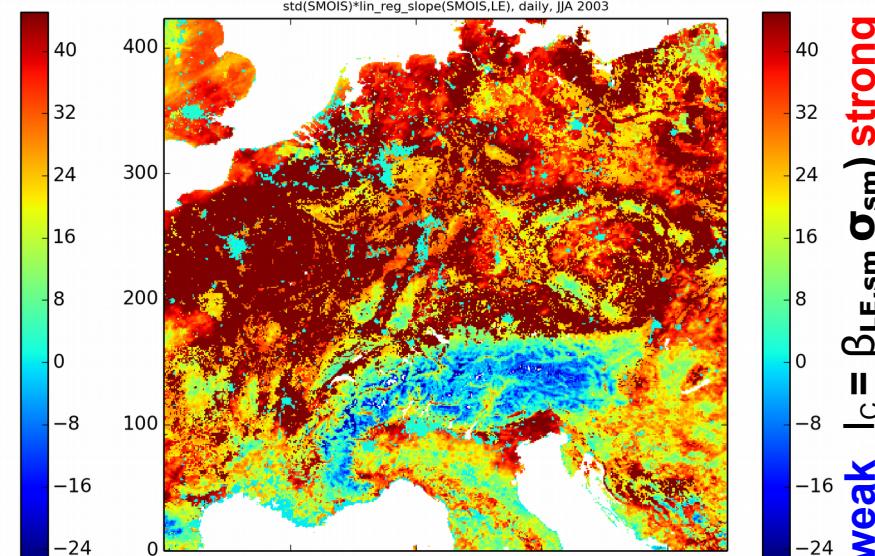
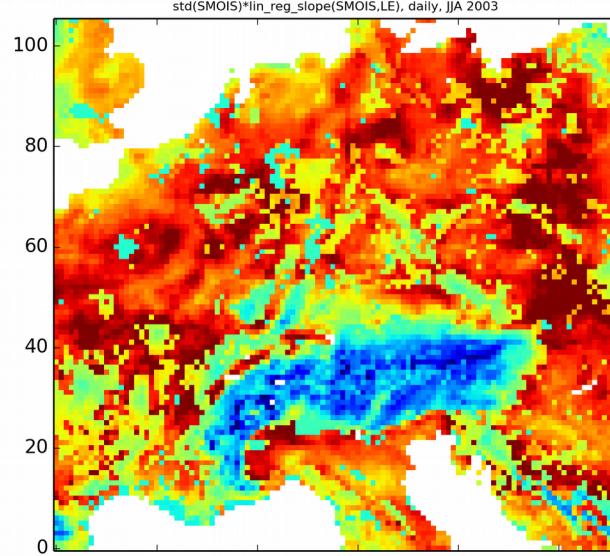
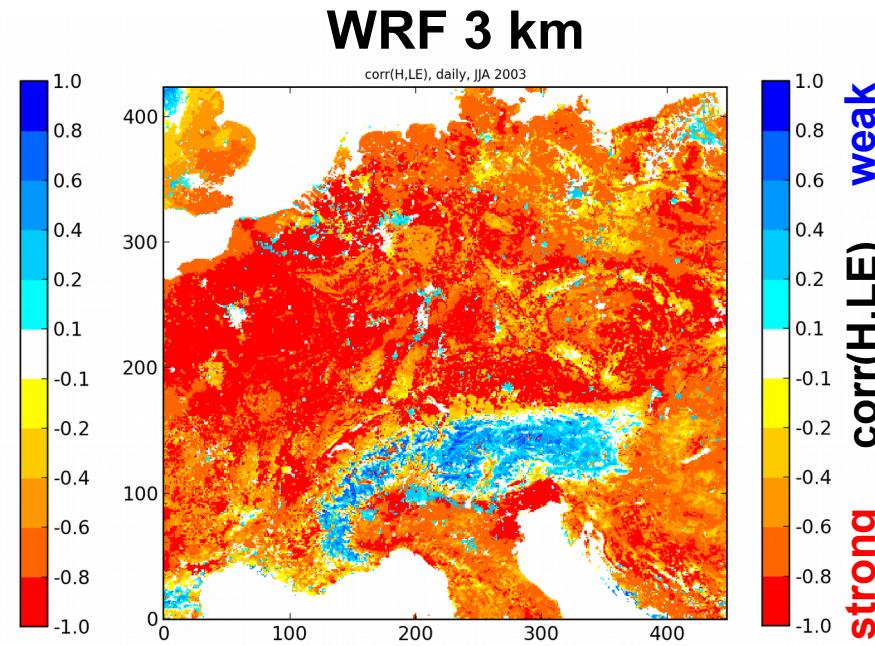
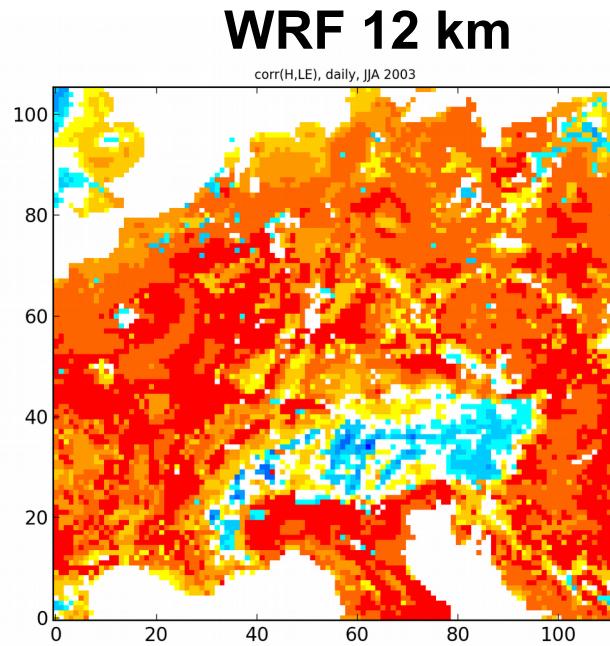


Impact of surface heterogeneity

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Impact of surface heterogeneity

**corr(H,LE)**

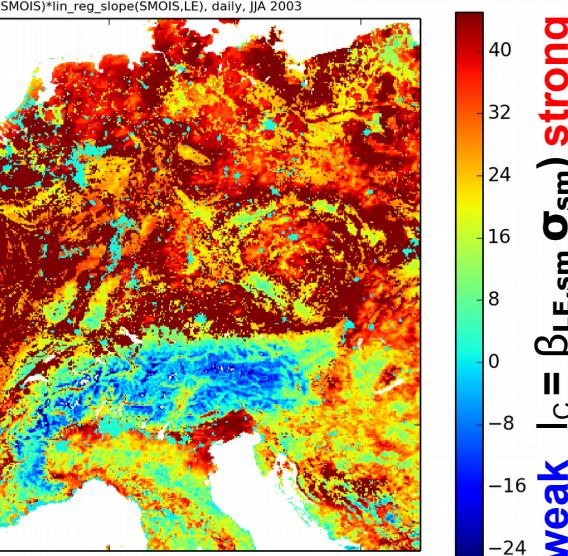
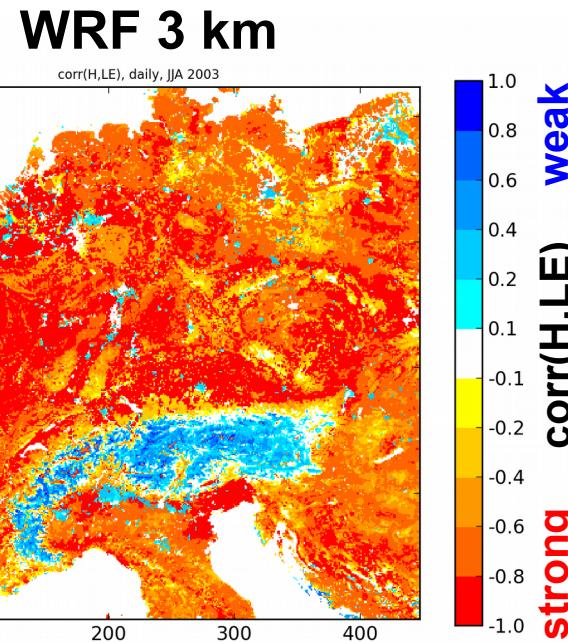
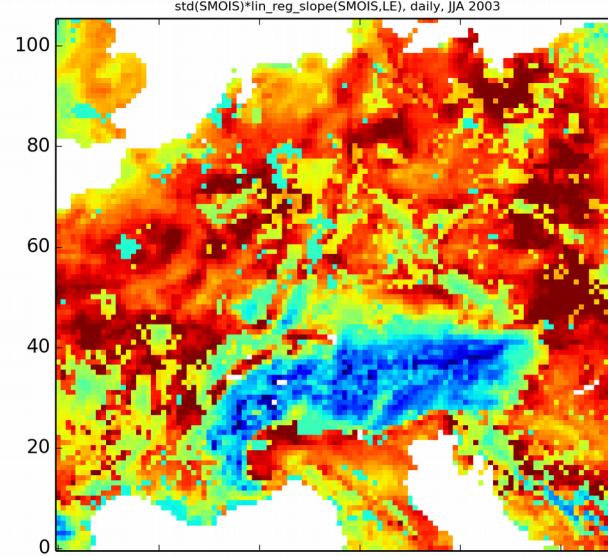
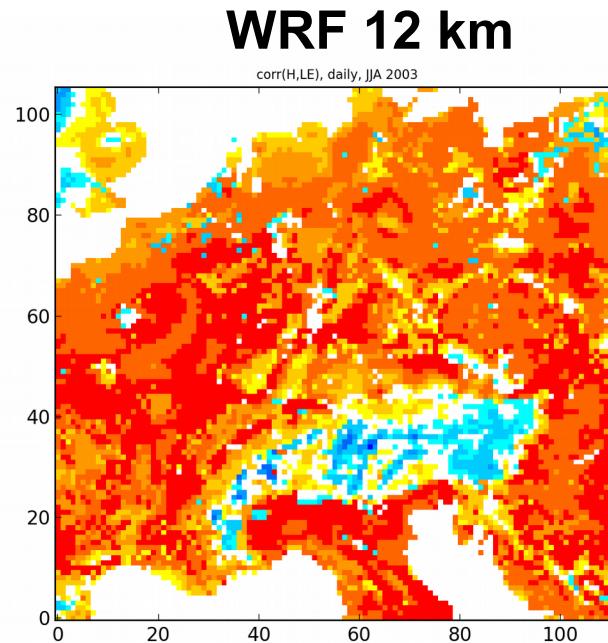
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Consistent with  
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# Coupling strength, JJA, 2003, 12 km vs. 3 km



Impact of surface heterogeneity

Sensitivity studies with combinations of coarse and fine resolution soil, landuse and orography ongoing; explore interactions further

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## Summary and outlook

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  - Added value of convection-permitting resolution
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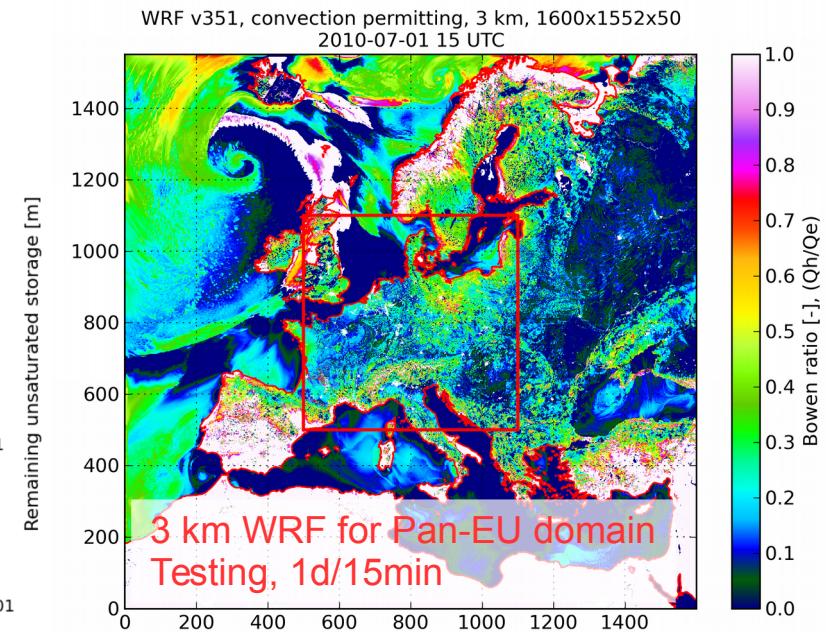
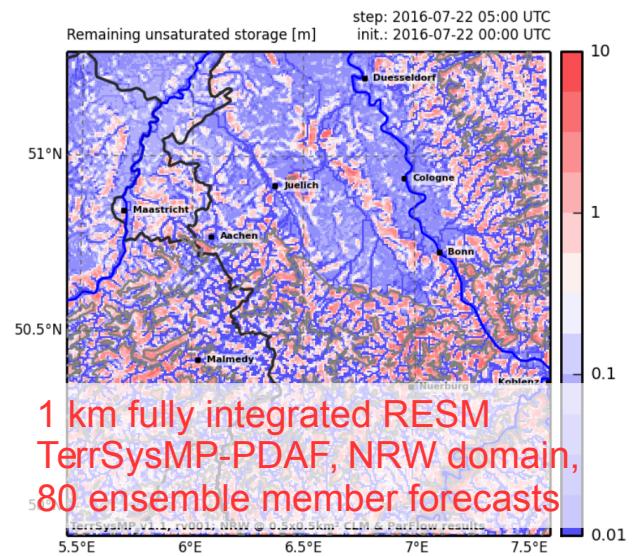
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- **Ongoing**
  - Influence of land use and its heterogeneity on land-atmosphere coupling, sensitivity studies, low vs. high-resolution soil, vegetation, topography data
  - High-resolution climate change control and projection runs (MPI-ESM RCP 4.5 downscaling, 1993-2005, 2038-2050, 2088-2100) – analysis pending
  - Coupling strength in context of climate change in EURO-CORDEX RCM ensemble future scenario runs
  - Link to EURO-CORDEX FPS “Convective phenomena at high resolution over Europe and the Mediterranean”

# Other ongoing CPM activities and an open position

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## Vacancy:

Experienced PostDoc as  
**Scientific Coordinator**  
**of SimLab Terrestrial Systems at**  
**Juelich Supercomputing Centre**

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Closing: 30 September 2016

