

Atmospheric Science and Wind Energy Technology: Pathways Ahead

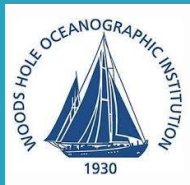


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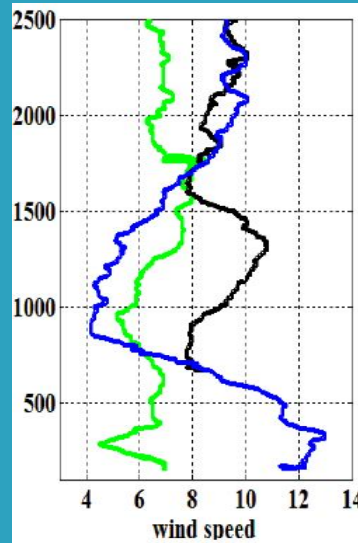
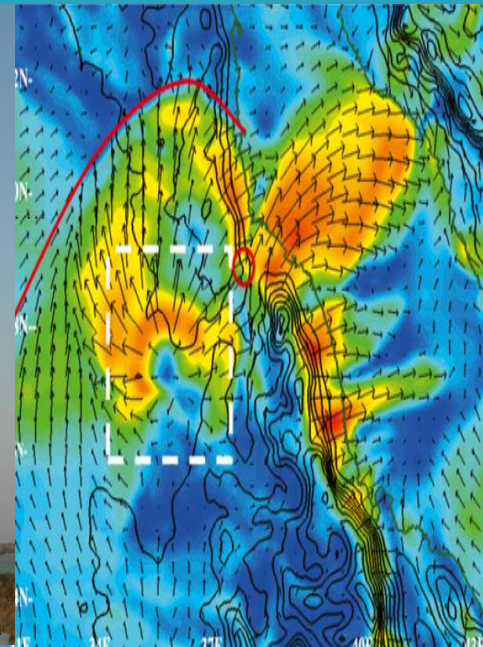
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An atmospheric–oceanographic background



University of New Hampshire
Institute for the Study of Earth, Oceans,
and Space

- Lower atmospheric dynamics
- Winds over complex terrain
- Air–sea processes and structure of the MABL
- Atmospheric transport
- Mesoscale–climate scale modelling
- Ocean–atmosphere observations
- Remote sensing



Atmospheric Science Vision:

- Advance research to lead and support evolving wind energy technology
- Innovate new capabilities in atmosphere/wind modelling
- Provide new data and new data access in conjunction with new computational tools and numerical models
- Build on the foundation of current successes



The Collaborative Foundation

- “The overall objective of A2E is to optimize the power production of wind plants as a whole rather than by individual turbine.” -*Shaw et al., BAMS 2020*
- A2E (Atmosphere to Electrons): an achievement in collaboration
- Comprehensive, multi-lab, multi-project program in atmospheric science
- Collaboration and coordination between
 - Federal Agencies
 - Industry
 - Academia



Challenges to Atmospheric Science

- 1) Better characterization of the lower atmosphere (*what does that mean?*)
 - New observations: field campaigns, new types of measurements, new observational platforms
 - Better representation in model physics
 - improved surface-atmospheric coupling
 - resolve local turbulence
- 2) Enhanced ability to observe and simulate flows from meso to microscales (from rotor aerodynamics to weather scale)
 - Methods to couple models and successfully model/predict the two way interaction between scales (Milestones being achieved by MMC)
- 3) Increase awareness into the relationships between the resource, the wind farm and the environment around them (upstream and downstream)



New Observations for Offshore Resource Characterization



- DOE lidar buoys providing
 - wind profiles
 - near surface meteo–ocean conditions
 - wave height, period, directional spectrum
- Completed 1 year+ field campaigns off the US East Coast 2014–2017
- Redeployed off the Pacific Northwest coast (10/2020)
- Data available:
<https://a2e.energy.gov/about/dap>

Image: Ocean Tech Services, LLC, and PNNL



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New Numerical Modeling Developments

MMC:

- the critical conveyor of essential physics that influence hub height winds to high fidelity modeling of plant inflow and informing turbine design
- pioneering techniques for modelling, micro-mesoscale coupling and model validation/analysis
- characterizing complex localized flows including terrain and turbine wake effects to optimize siting of turbines and accurately predict output
- developing 3D boundary layer schemes for mesoscale models
- machine learning tools for atmospheric modelling
- developing the dynamical core for the next generation atmospheric model capable of simulating and predicting flows across the meso-microscale spectrum (the Energy Research and Forecasting model [ERF])



Thank You!

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Photo courtesy of UW Conservation Magazine



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