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Community infrastructure for facilitating improvement and testing of physical parameterizations: the Common Community Physics Package (CCPP)

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- ESPC PI (Jim Doyle and the group)

Developmental Testbed Center

An atmospheric model zoo



Developmental Testbed Center-

Model unification misunderstood



DTC

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Research & Forect

WRF (ARW,NMM)

Under the hood: physics & drivers



https://dtcenter.org/testing-evaluation/global-model-test-bed

Global Model Test Bed (GMTB)

Area within the Developmental Testbed Center (DTC) created to accelerate transition of physics developments by the community onto NOAA's Unified Forecast System



Approach

- Infrastructure for development of parameterizations/suites
- Development of hierarchical physics testbed
 - Assessment of physics innovations

Common Community Physics Package

The Common Community Physics Package (CCPP) consists of an infrastructure component **ccpp-framework** and a collection of compliant physics suites **ccpp-physics**.

Driving principles:

- Readily available and well supported: open source, on Github, accepting external contributions (review/approval process)
- Model-agnostic to enable collaboration and accelerate innovations
- Documented interfaces (metadata) facilitate using/enhancing existing schemes, adding new schemes or transfer them between models
- Physics suite construct is important, but the CCPP must enable easy interchange of schemes within a suite (need for interstitial code)

CCPP within the model system



- Physics schemes caps: auto-generated from metadata
- Host model cap: "handcrafted", include auto-generated code (CPP)

Key features of the CCPP

- **Runtime configuration**: suite definition file (XML)
- **Ordering**: user-defined order of execution of schemes
- **Subcycling**: schemes can be called at higher frequency than others or than dynamics
- **Grouping**: schemes can be called in groups with other computations in between (e.g. dycore, coupling)

suite interstitial

<suite name="GFS_2017">

<group name="radiation">
 <scheme>GFS_rrtmg_pre</scheme>
 <scheme>rrtmg_sw_pre</scheme>
 <scheme>rrtmg_sw_ost</scheme>
 <scheme>rrtmg_lw_pre</scheme>
 <scheme>rrtmg_lw_ost</scheme>
 <scheme>rrtmg_lw_ost</scheme>
 <scheme>GFS_rrtmg_post</scheme>
 <scheme>
 <scheme>
 <scheme>GFS_rrtmg_post</scheme>
 <scheme>
 <scheme>GFS_rrtmg_post</scheme>
 <scheme>
 <schem

</suite>





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A CCPP-compliant physics scheme

subroutine scheme_template_init()
end subroutine scheme_template_init

subroutine scheme_template_finalize()
end subroutine scheme_template_finalize

Beware! This format will change in the near future (NCAR folks have their hands on it ...).

!>\section	arg_table_	_scheme_	_template_	_run	Argument	Table
------------	------------	----------	------------	------	----------	-------

!!	local_name	standard_name	long_name	units	rank	type	kind	intent	optional	ļ
!! !!	errmsg	error message	error msg	none	0	character	len=*	out	F	ľ
11	errflg	error_flag	error flg	flag	0	integer		out	F	İ
!!	prs	air_pressure	air pres.	Pa	2	real	phys	inout	F	

```
11
```

subroutine scheme_template_run(errmsg,errflg,prs)

```
implicit none
```

```
character(len=*), intent( out) :: errmsg
integer, intent( out) :: errflg
real(kind=phys), intent(inout) :: prs(:,:)
```

end subroutine scheme_template_run
end module scheme_template

Adding a parameterization is a Different sets of physics in a model 1. Add new scheme to CCPP prebuild configuration (Pyt) scheme_files = { ["physics", "dynamics"], "existingscheme.F90" "mynewscheme.F90" ["physics"], "otherexistingscheme.F90" : ["physics"], 2. Compile (CCPP) 3. Add new scheme to suite definition file (also runs init/finalize) <scheme>existingscheme</scheme>

<scheme>mynewscheme</scheme>

<scheme>otherexistingscheme</scheme>

Metadata tables on host model side



ccpp-data: lookup table standard_name \rightarrow address of variable in memory



CCPP's short past and long future

- First release of CCPP with GMTB Single Column Model in April 2018 (GFS physics), second release in August 2018 (with GFDL microphysics)
- Release with FV3 2018/2019 with 2020/2021 physics candidates Access and help: <u>https://dtcenter.org/gmtb/users/ccpp/index.php</u> - <u>gmtb-help@ucar.edu</u>
- NOAA and NCAR agreed to collaborate on **ccpp-framework**: enables interoperability of physics between NOAA/NCAR models
 - Metadata updates: vertical direction, index ordering, ...
 - Automatic transforms, unit conversions, performance optimization



Bonus material



Side-effect: debugging made easy

Suppose one wants to diagnose a loss in conservation of a specific variable that gets used and modified in many places.

1. Create a new "scheme" writing diagnostic output to screen/file

2. Add scheme to relevant places in suite definition file

```
<scheme>GFS_examplescheme</scheme>
<scheme>GFS_diagtoscreen</scheme>
...
```

<scheme>GFS_anotherexamplescheme</scheme>
<scheme>GFS_diagtoscreen</scheme>

3. No tinkering with host model code (driver, \ldots)!

Interstitital code

• "Suite-drivers" are called in current infrastructure (e.g. FV3):



Suite Definition File instructs CCPP infrastructure to call individual schemes; "interstitial" code within suite drivers → interstitial schemes



Magic behind the scenes

- Python script ccpp_prebuild.py
 - requires metadata tables on both sides
 - checks requested vs provided variables by standard_name
 - checks units, rank, type (more to come)
 - creates Fortran code that adds
 pointers to the host model variables
 and stores them in the ccpp-data
 structure (ccpp_{fields,modules}.inc)
 - creates caps for physics schemes
 - populates makefiles with schemes and caps



How to hook up CCPP w/ host model

- Python script ccpp_prebuild.py
 - does all the magic before/at build time
- Model developers need to
 - create ccpp_prebuild_MODEL.py config
 - include auto-generated makefiles (and ccpp_prebuild.py) in build system
 - write host model cap that contains CCPP run calls and include statements for auto-generated code (e.g. ccpp_fields.inc)
 - manage memory for cdata structure

