

Humans and Hydroclimate in the U.S. (H₂US): A Convergent Science Approach at the Land-Atmosphere Interface

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Topics for Today

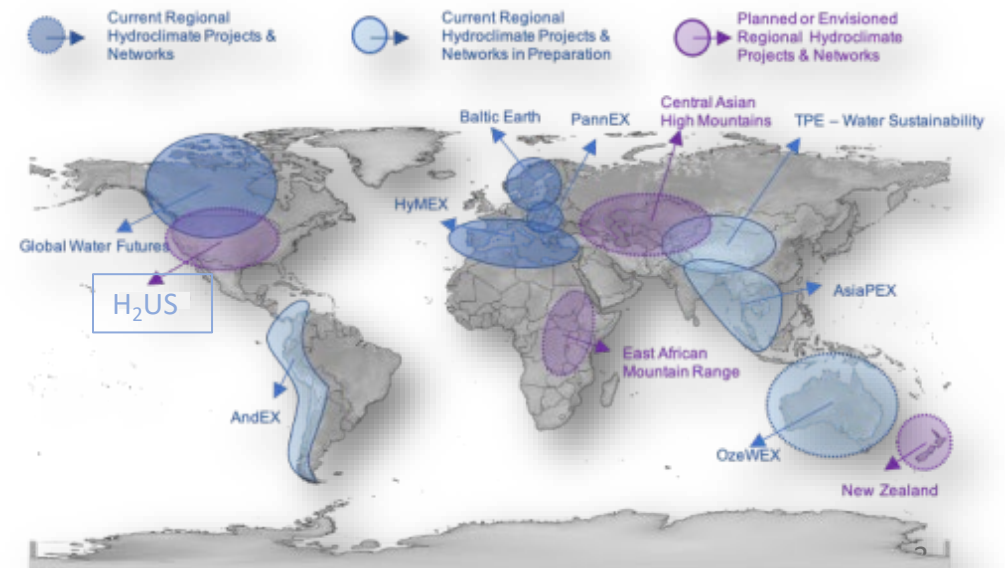
- I. H₂US Introduction and Overview
- II. Opportunities - Points of Intersection with the Noah-MP Community

GEWEX US-RHP Mission

A ten-year effort to understand and characterize the Water, Energy, and Carbon Cycles in the Anthropocene: driven by a need for usable modeling tools and actionable products developed in collaboration with stakeholders to address climate justice, and support water, food, and energy security for natural and human systems in a changing future.

THE BOW TIE DIAGRAM

Hydro-climate Analysis, Prediction, and Uncertainty
Across Time and Space



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Traditional Ecological Knowledge (TEK)

We recognize, respect, and embrace the millennia of place-based knowledge and wisdom of those who were here first.

RV Council, May 9th (tent.)

Map Source: Traditional Native Lands (<https://native-land.ca/>)

US-RHP Scope

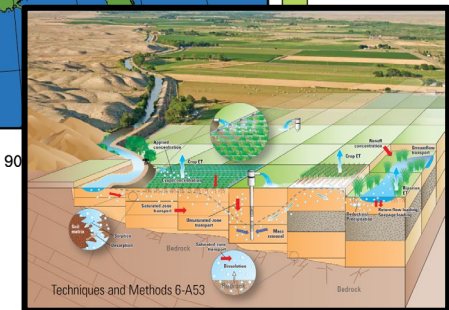
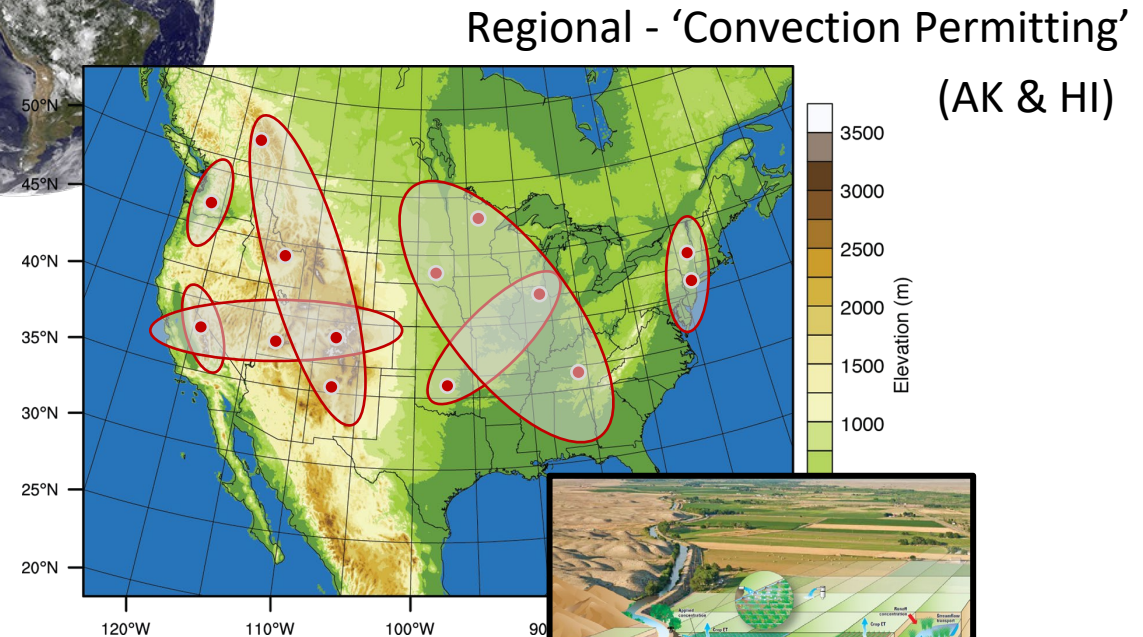
Modeling across scales:

global → **CONUS** → watershed

Coordinated intensive studies,
supported by Regional Focal Studies
with embedded observational transects

New and leveraged observations, e.g:

- USGS-NGWOS
- AmeriFlux
- NEON / CZO
- DOE/ARM (SAIL)
- NOAA (SPLASH)
- Global Water Futures
- Airborne missions
- Satellites
- GEWEX Land-Atmosphere Feedback Observatories (GLAFOs)
- etc.



US-RHP Scientific Strategy

Thematic Research Areas (Working Groups)

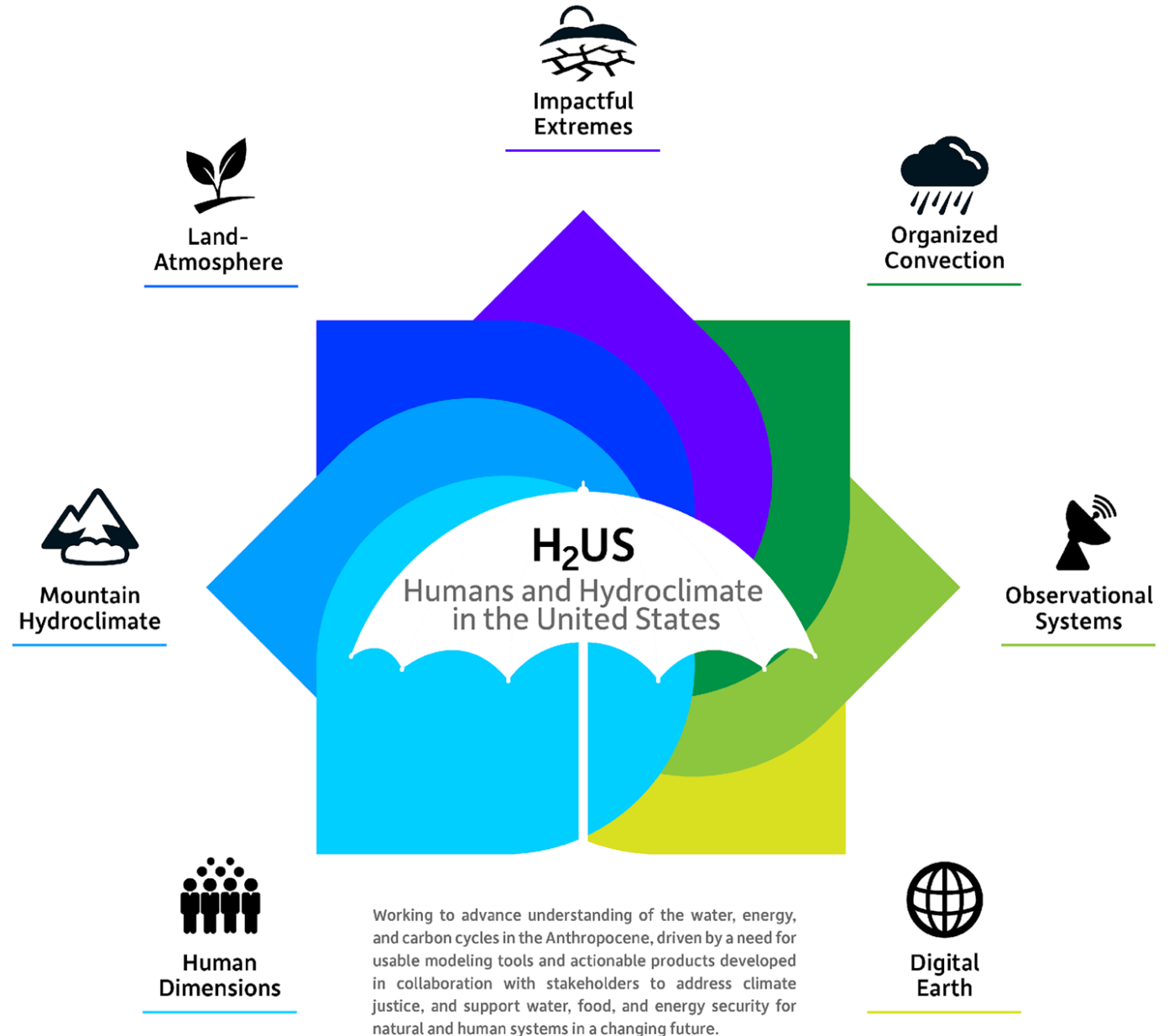
A Complex, Coupled System

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Water:} & \quad P + Q_{in} = \text{ET} + \Delta S + Q_{out} \\ \text{Energy:} & \quad R_n + G = \lambda \text{ET} + H \end{aligned}$$

Refine estimates of these terms; quantify their uncertainties; understand how will they change.

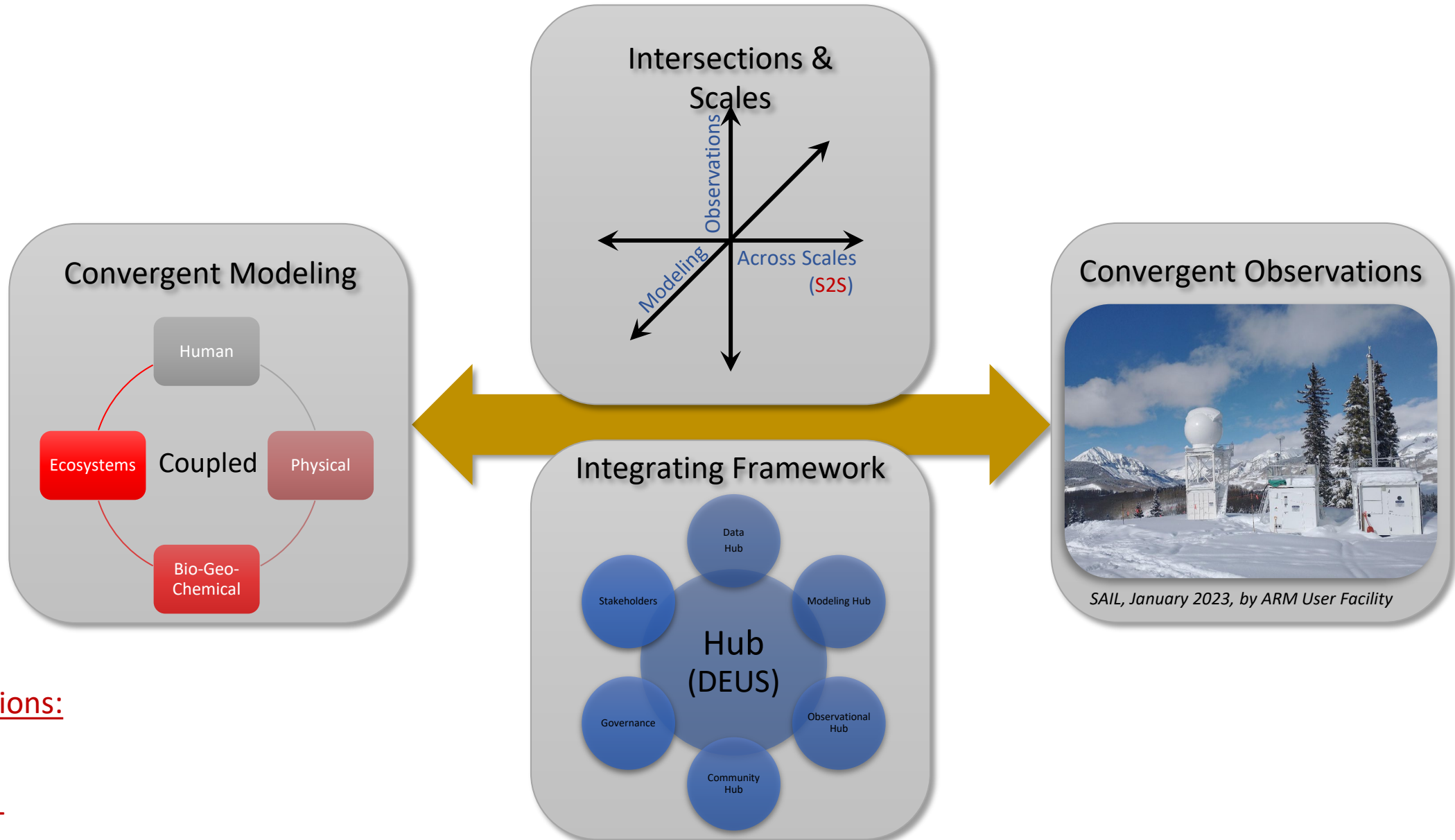
The Carbon Cycle most directly ties in through the “R_n” (energy) and “ET” terms.

Anthropogenic influences are manifold and impact all of these cycles through GHG emissions; land use/land cover change; and water resource management.



{Coastal Coupling – TBD}

Scientific Strategy: Emergent Themes

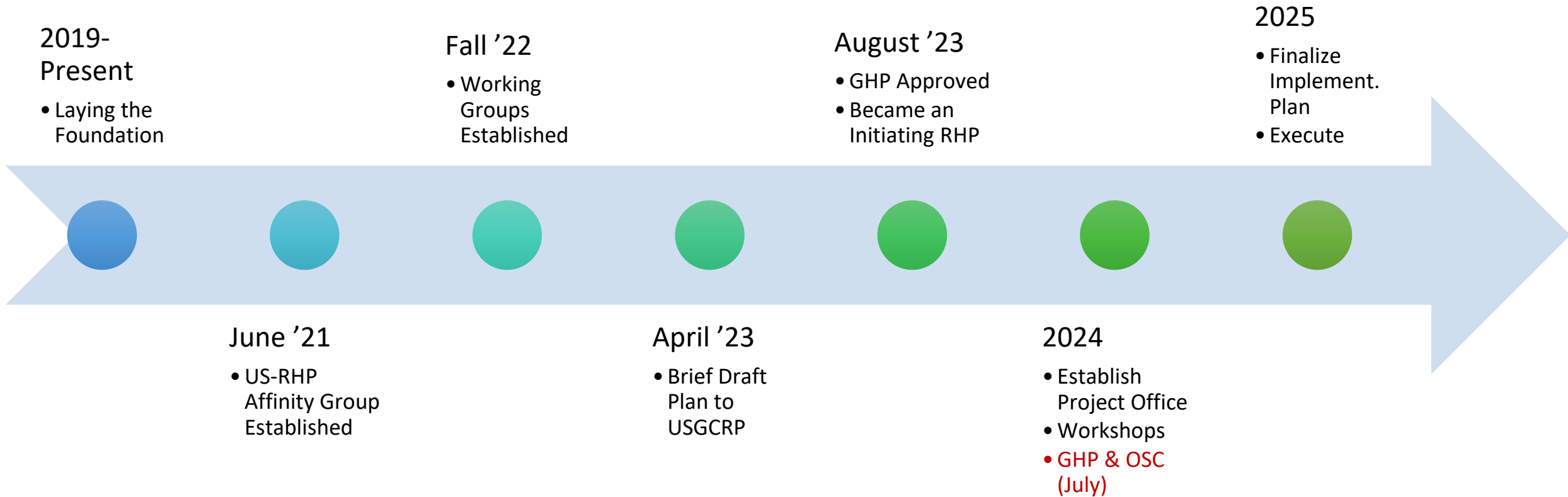


Intersections:

- GPEX
- IHTM
- ESPAT

US-RHP Timeline

It's a marathon – not a sprint



Plan for Support

Initial/Short-Term

- **Establish Project Office (1-3 FTEs)**
 - To provide scientific leadership
 - Project management, coordination
 - Administrative and technical support
 - Travel
- **Support for one or more workshops**
 - Including travel for key participants (scientific advisory group) and facilitation
- A modest amount of support for each of the WGs to work on the **development of the US-RHP Implementation Plan**

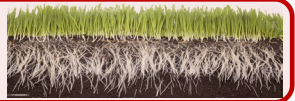
Long-Term

Identify and secure sustained sources of funding. Two successful, current GEWEX RHPs provide paradigms that bookend how the US-RHP can succeed:

- Global Water Futures (GWF): On the “*moon shot*” end of the spectrum, is the GWF RHP in Canada



- Baltic-Earth: A “*grassroots*” approach



There are a range of possibilities between these two extremes.

- The US-RHP is committed and will be agile and creative in our approach
- Realistically, we will begin with a grassroots effort and grow with moonshot aspirations

Opportunities

- L-A processes and coupling – an Earth System “bedrock to boundary layer” approach
 - Integrated modeling and observational studies
 - What are the observational gaps?
- How do we integrate humans into our modeling systems?
 - Processes (e.g. irrigation, urban, etc.)
 - Socioeconomic responses to change (i.e. climate LU/LC, loss of biodiversity, etc.)
- How do we integrate ecosystems into our modeling systems?
 - Not just the carbon cycle, but ecosystem response

A Complex, Coupled System

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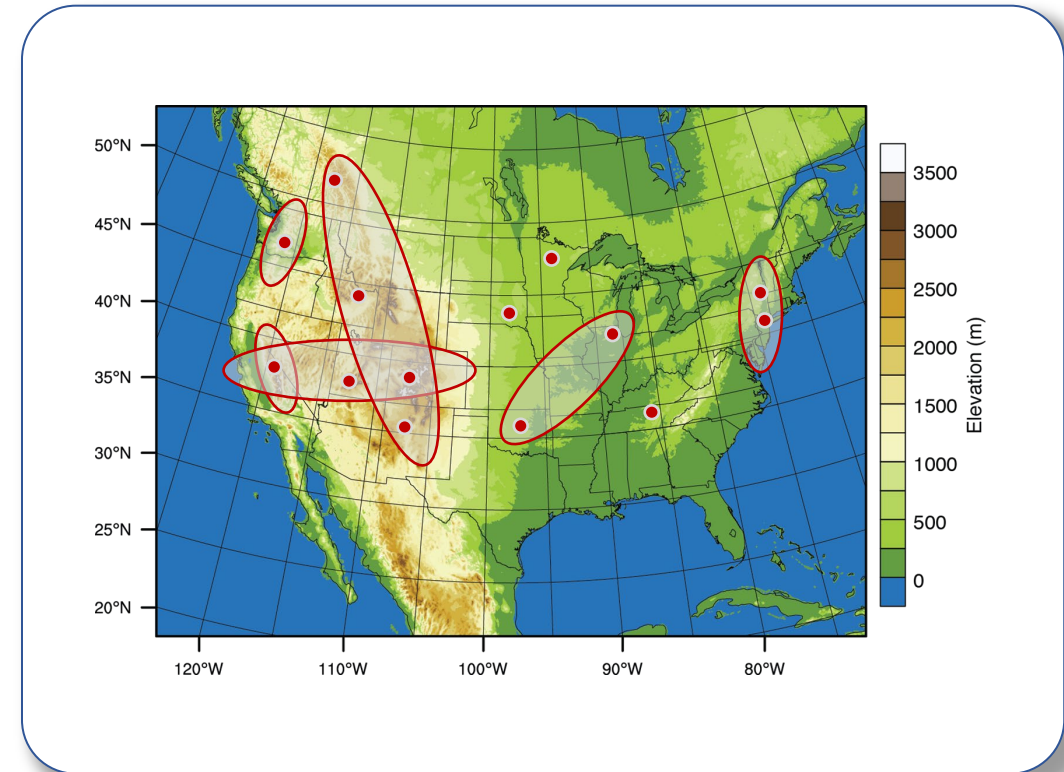
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Opportunities: Leverage CONUS404

- Created to drive hydroclimate science, products and services with and for the USGS and the community
- Baseline simulations that have benefited from advancements in Noah-MP
- ***Retrospective:**
43-years and growing - WY1980-WY2022
<https://rda.ucar.edu/datasets/ds559.0/>
- **Future (PGW):**
Target: 42-years (“WY2022-WY2063”)
In progress; complete through “WY2059”)

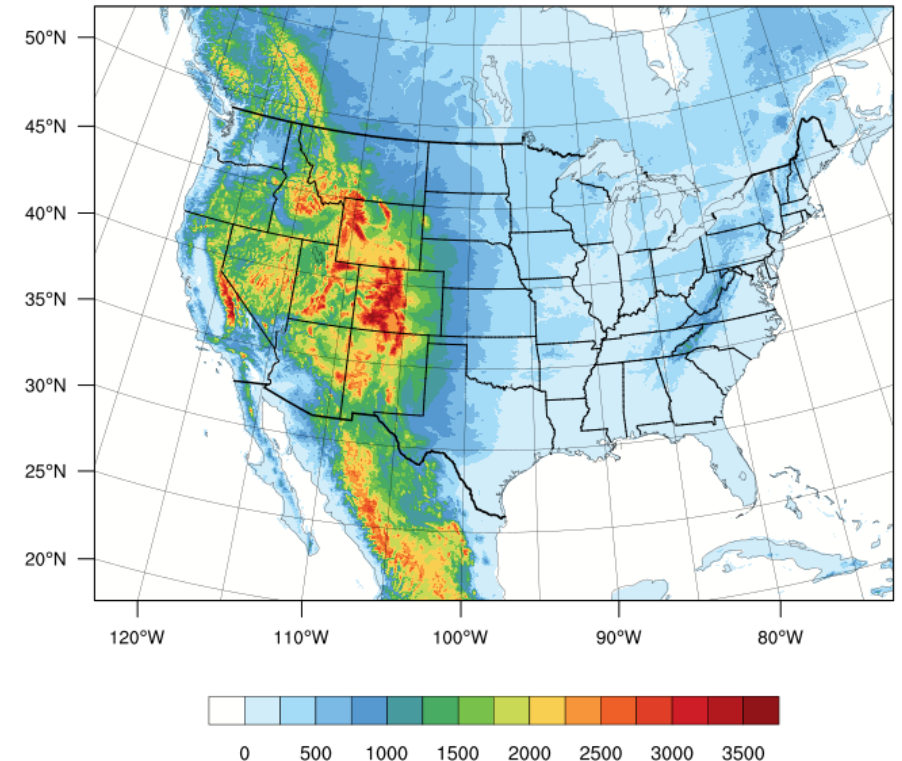


* About: <https://www.usgs.gov/data/conus404-four-kilometer-long-term-regional-hydroclimate-reanalysis-over-conterminous-united>

Configuration of the CONUS404 simulation

Weather Research and Forecast (WRF) model simulation on Denali

- WRF version: V3.9.1.1 with improved physics
- Single domain: 1368×1016 grid points, 4-km grid spacing, 51 vertical levels
- Major subgrid physics: Thompson microphysics, YSU Boundary Layer, RRTMG radiation, NoahMP land surface coupled to Miguez-Macho ground water scheme
- Spectral nudging of geopotential, temperature, and winds above the boundary layer, using the same technique as in CONUS1
- Initial and boundary data: 3-hourly 0.25-degree ERA5
- Simulation period: 43 water years from Oct 1, 1979 - Sept 30, 2022 (WY's added incrementally on annual basis)



Model Domain (5464 km x 4064 km)

CONUS404 PGW: Design

$$\text{PGW} = \text{CTRL} + \Delta \quad \Delta = \text{PROJ} - \text{HIST}$$

Both PROJ and HIST periods must be chosen to be long enough to reduce the effects of internal variability (average of ~ 30 years) or use ensemble means.

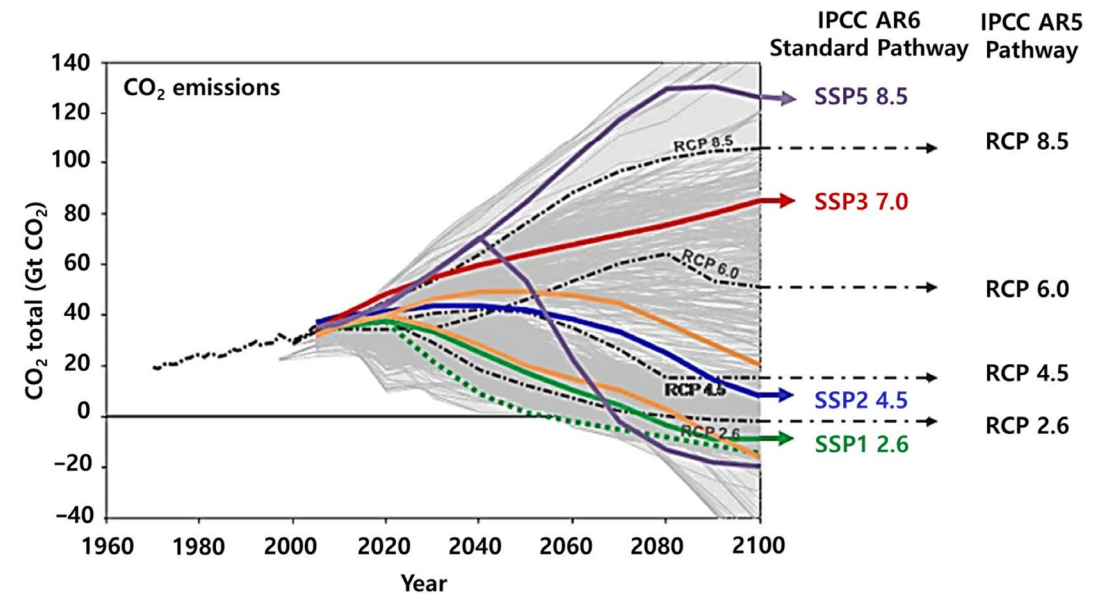
CONUS404 used **ERA5** initial and boundary conditions from ~WY1980 - 2021 (**CTRL**).

Δ represents a near-term climate change signal: **PROJ** covers WY2022 - 2063 and **HIST** covers WY1980 - 2021.

PROJ and HIST are based on the **100-member ensemble mean data** of the CESM2 Large Ensemble Community project (**LENS2**).

LENS2 used the Shared Socioeconomic Pathways radiative forcing scenario 3 (**SSP3-7.0**) for future projection.

$$\text{CONUS404 PGW} = \text{ERA5_WY1980-2021} + \text{LENS2_WY2022-2063} - \text{LENS2_WY1980-2021}$$



* Plans to add 2 WYs

An Invitation

- *GEWEX Overview:*

<https://www.gewex.org/h2us/>

- *H₂US Affinity Group:*

<https://ral.ucar.edu/projects/humans-and-hydroclimate-united-states-h2us>

See links to “Summary Level Science Plan” and to join the AG

Join the H₂US
Affinity Group:



THANK YOU!

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