Andrew S. Jones

Using Remote Sensing for WCF Objectives – New Opportunities

- Thoughts regarding very useful linkages

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September 6, 2017, Fort Collins, CO Integrated Data and Tools for Watershed Condition Assessments

NASA Research Satellites of Interest to WCF

- <u>Many</u> possibilities
- Most interesting incl:
 - SMAP (now)
 - SWOT (2020)
 - GeoCarb (2021)
 - HyspIRI
 - Precipitation (various)





From Margaret Srinivasan (NASA/JPL)

Major CSU Initiatives

 Digital "Terraforma" – A Controlled Ecosystem in a box – BioEngineering Diagnostics, CSU Vet School, Infectious Disease Research Center (IDRC), International Phytobiome Initiative, CSU One Health Institute (linked to remote sensing/environ. data)



- Rural Wealth Creation CSU 17 Faculty Member Team, Links to Colorado Dept. of Ag., CO Governor's Office, City of Denver Ag/Economics meets the environment and public health/nutrition, emphasis on society/food production/consumptive linkages – the complete end-to-end system. Complex systems-of-systems modeling/observations.
- Innovation Center for Sustainable Agriculture (ICSA) Ag./Sustainability Soil Health / Carbon Cycling Ecological systems modeling. Links back to "Future Earth" and weather/climate change impacts.
- Ogallala Water Aquifer Project (USDA/NIFA) at CSU (and 5 other land grant universities) This project studies the water "draw-down" in its' agricultural context, including operations, crop rotations, agro-economic impacts, policy choices... Highly relevant to USFS operations. Has Great Plains governors' visibility. The aquifer covers 30% of all US irrigated cropland, including USFS grasslands equivalent to the entire state of Rhode Island.
- Cooperative Institute for Research in the Atmosphere (CIRA) NOAA Research Cooperative Institute links to NOAA/NASA/DoD/NPS/NFS/USGS: Strong Remote Sensing Heritage, Geostationary/Polar Satellite Data: Site of NASA CloudSat Mission Data Center, Future site of NASA GeoCarb Mission Data Center, CIRA has strong data assimilation / Bayesian analysis expertise (linking real-time models and data).

High-Res. Soil Moisture Results using Models/Satellite Example shown for **Reynolds Creek, ID** POC: Prof. Jeffrey Niemann (CSU)



Multi-Satellite Operational NOAA/NESDIS Results using Models/Satellite, CSU Creates 3 of the top "blended" satellite operational products, bRR, bTPW, and eTRaP. POC: Andrew Jones (CSU) – Could link to the others...

Applications	Satellites/Sensors	Products
bTPW - Blended Total Precipitable Water	NOAA-18, NOAA-19, Metop-A and Metop-B, GOES-W/-E, GPS-Met, DMSP F18	Global TPW map
bRR Blended Rain Rate	NOAA-18, NOAA-19, Metop-A and Metop-B, DMSP F17	Global Rain Rate map
eTRaP - Ensemble Tropical Rainfall Potential (eTRaP)	NOAA-18, NOAA-19, Metop-B, DMSP 17&18, GOES-W/-E, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-10, Himawari-8	Ensemble forecast of 6~24-hou rainfall potential for tropical systems
SMOPS - Soil Moisture Operational Products System	Metop-A/-B, SMOS, SMAP, GPM	Global soil moisture map
GHE - Global Hydro-Estimator	GOES-W/-E, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-10, Himawari-8	Global rainfall estimate with different temporal scale
Blended SST – Blended Sea Surface Temperature	Metop-B/AVHRR, S-NPP/VIIRS, GOES-E&-W/Imager, Meteosat-10/SEVIRI and Himawari-8/AHI	Global Sea Surface Temperature
GBBEPx - Blended Global Biomass Burning Emissions Product from MODIS and Geostationary Satellites	GOES-E&-W/Imager, EOS-Terra/MODIS, EOS-Aqua/MODIS	Daily global biomass burning emissions
MTCSWA - Multiplatform Tropical Cyclone Surface Wind Analysis	NOAA-15, NOAA-18, NOAA-19, Metop-A, S-NPP	Six-hourly estimates of tropical cyclone wind fields
TOAST – Total Ozone Analysis	NOAA-19/SBUV-2 and Metop-B/TOVS	Global ozone map
Enhanced TOAST – Enhanced Total Ozone Analysis	NOAA-19/SBUV/2 and S-NPP/CriS	Global Ozone map
IMS – Interactive Multi-sensor Snow and Ice Mapping System	NOAA-18&-19, Metop-A, S-NPP, Aqua/TERRA, Radarsat-2, Meteosat-10, Himawari-8, DMSP, GOES-E&-W	Snow and Ice cover maps for th Northern Hemisphere

- Without elevation dependence, downscaling model overestimates role of vegetation and misses saturation at rivers
- With precipitation or Potential Evapotranspiration (PET) included, vegetation dependence is reduced and model captures saturation at rivers